

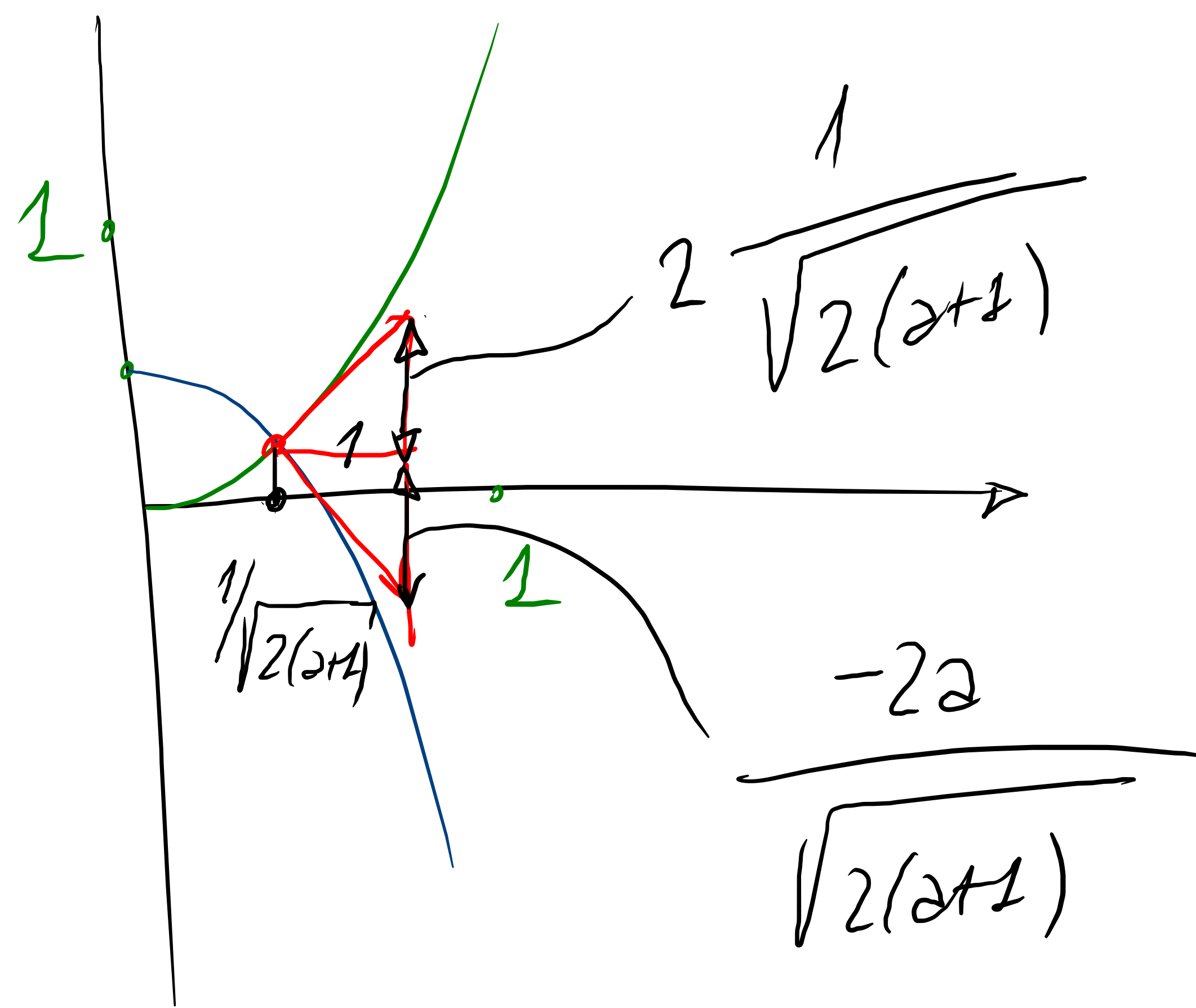
$x > 0$

$$y = x^2$$

$$y' = 2x$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} - 2x^2$$

$$y' = -2 \cdot 2x$$



$$x^2 = \frac{1}{2} - 2x^2 \Leftrightarrow (2+1)x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow x^2 = \frac{1}{2(2+1)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2(2+1)}} \end{pmatrix} \perp \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{-2a}{\sqrt{2(2+1)}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(2+1)}} \text{ si } x > 0$$

$$1 \cdot 1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2(2+1)}} \cdot \frac{-2a}{\sqrt{2(2+1)}} = 0$$

$$1 = \frac{4a}{2(2+1)} \Leftrightarrow 2a + 2 = 4a$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2a = 2 \Leftrightarrow \boxed{a = 1}$$

$$(x+yi)^2 = 2+bi \quad \begin{matrix} -24-10i \\ 2, b \text{ connus} \end{matrix} \quad \omega^2 = z \Rightarrow |\omega^2| = |z| \quad \begin{matrix} i = 0+1i \\ a=0 \quad b=1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad |\omega^2| = |\omega|^2 = (\sqrt{x^2+y^2})^2 = x^2+y^2 = |z| = \sqrt{a^2+b^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x^2+y^2 = \sqrt{a^2+b^2}}$$

$$x^2+y^2 = 1$$

$$x^2-y^2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{2xy = 1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x^2 + 2xyi + (yi)^2 = x^2 - y^2 + 2xyi = 2+bi$$

$$x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x^2 - y^2 = 2}$$

$$\boxed{2xy = b}$$

$$2x^2 = 1 \quad x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2x} = \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$y = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$3z^3 + 2z^2 + 7z - 20 = (z-u)Q(z)$$

$$u = 2i - 1 \quad \text{A' vérifier} \quad 3u^3 + 2u^2 + 7u - 20 = 0$$

	3	2	7	-20	-12 - 8i + 1
2i-1					(2i-1)(-4-8i)
	3	6i-1	-4-8i	0	-8i + 16 + 4 + 8i

$$(z + 1 - 2i)(3z^2 + (6i - 1)z - 4(1 + 2i))$$

	3	6i-1	-4(1+2i)
-(1+2i)			
	3	-4	0

$$(3z - 4)(z - (-1 + 2i))(z - (-1 - 2i)) =$$

$$(3z - 4)(z^2 + (1 + 2i)z + (1 - 2i)z + (-1 + 2i)(-1 - 2i))$$

$$(3z - 4)(z^2 + 2z + 5)$$

$$3x^3 + 2x^2 + 7x - 20 = (3x - 4)(x^2 + 2x + 5)$$

$$[2^5; \pi]$$

$$[2; \frac{\pi}{5}]$$

$$5\theta = \pi + k \cdot 2\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{5} + k \cdot \frac{2\pi}{5}$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}_5$$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$$

$$2z^2 + bz + c = 0$$

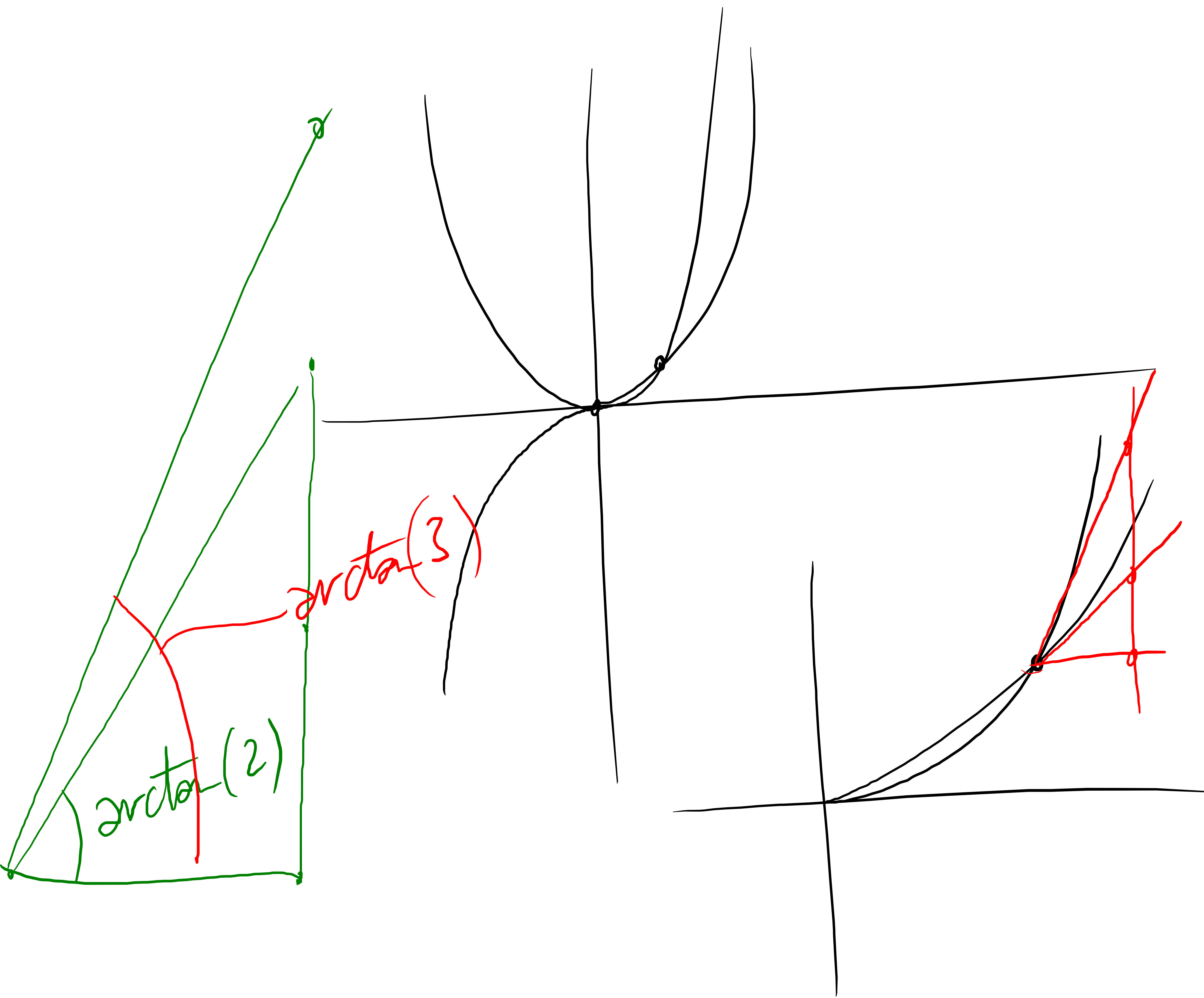
$$a, b, c \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$z \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$z_1 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$$

$$z_2 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$$



$$x^2 = x^3$$

$$x^2(x-1) = 0$$

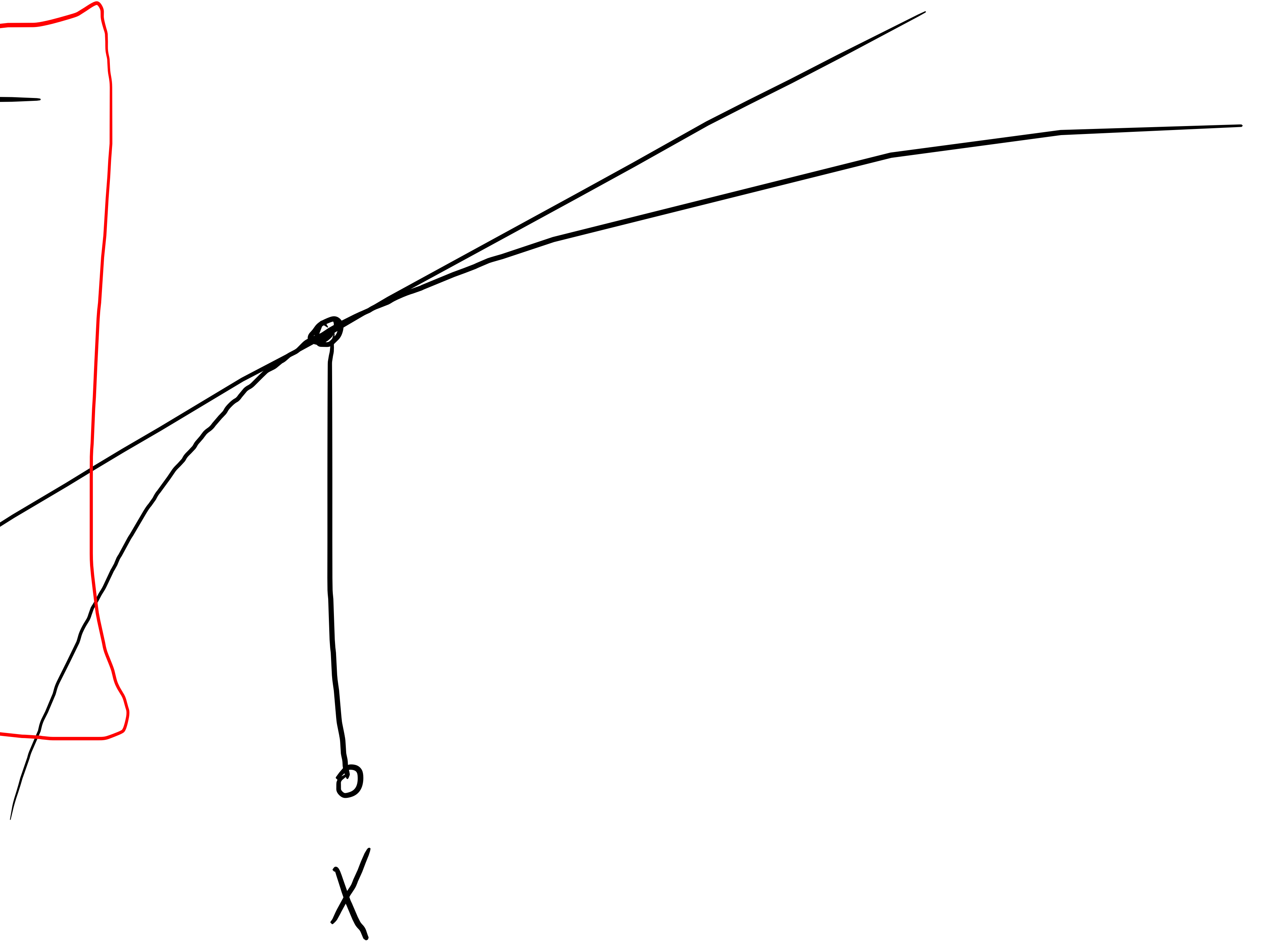
$$\begin{matrix} x=0 \\ x=1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{En } x=0 \quad \alpha = 0^\circ$$

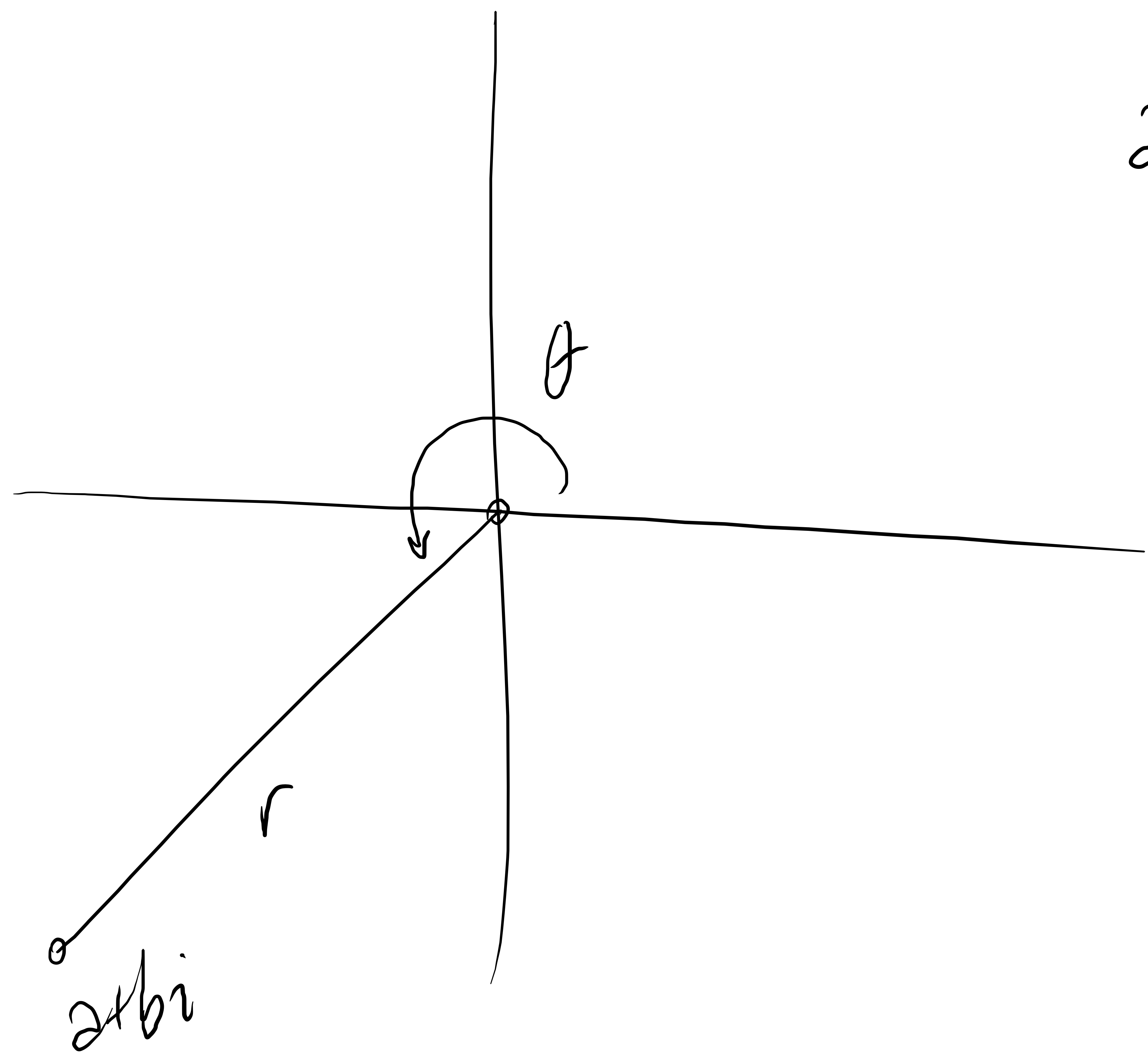
$$y = \sqrt{x} + k$$

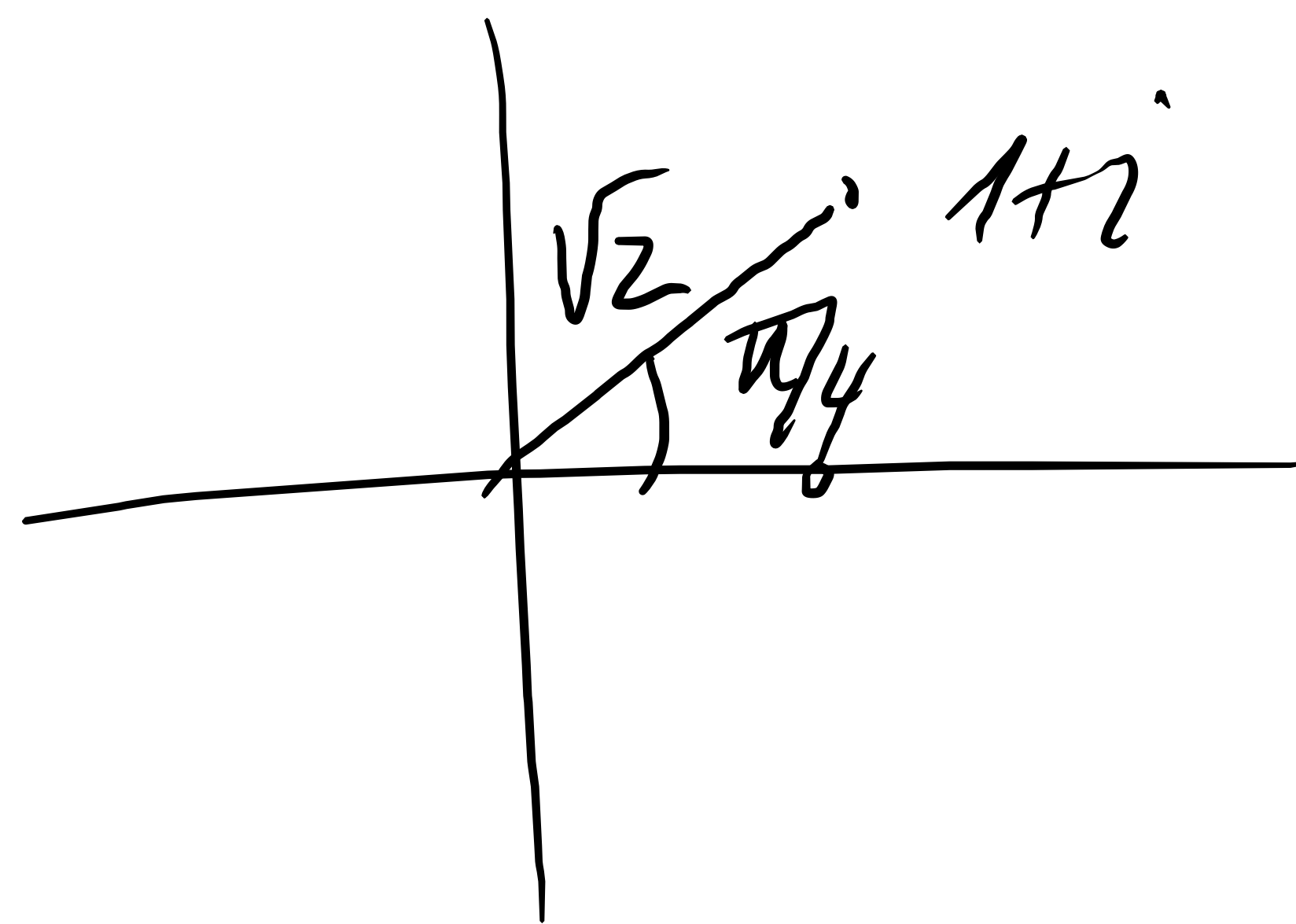
$$y = \frac{x}{2} + 3$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$
$$y' = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$2+bi = r \cos \theta + r \sin \theta \cdot i$$





$$[r; \theta]^4 = 1+i$$

THM

$$[r^4; 4\theta] = 1+i = \left[\sqrt{2}; \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$$

$$r^4 = \sqrt{2}$$

$$4\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + k \cdot 2\pi$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}_4$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{16} + k \frac{2\pi}{4}$$

$$k=0 \quad \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{16} + \sin \frac{\pi}{16} \cdot i \right)$$

$$k=1 \quad \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \left(\cos \frac{9\pi}{16} + \sin \frac{9\pi}{16} \cdot i \right)$$

$$k=2$$

$$k=3$$

$$k=1 \quad 4\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi$$

$$4\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{8\pi}{4} = \frac{9\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{9\pi}{4 \cdot 4} = \frac{9\pi}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{9\pi}{16}$$