

Geometrie

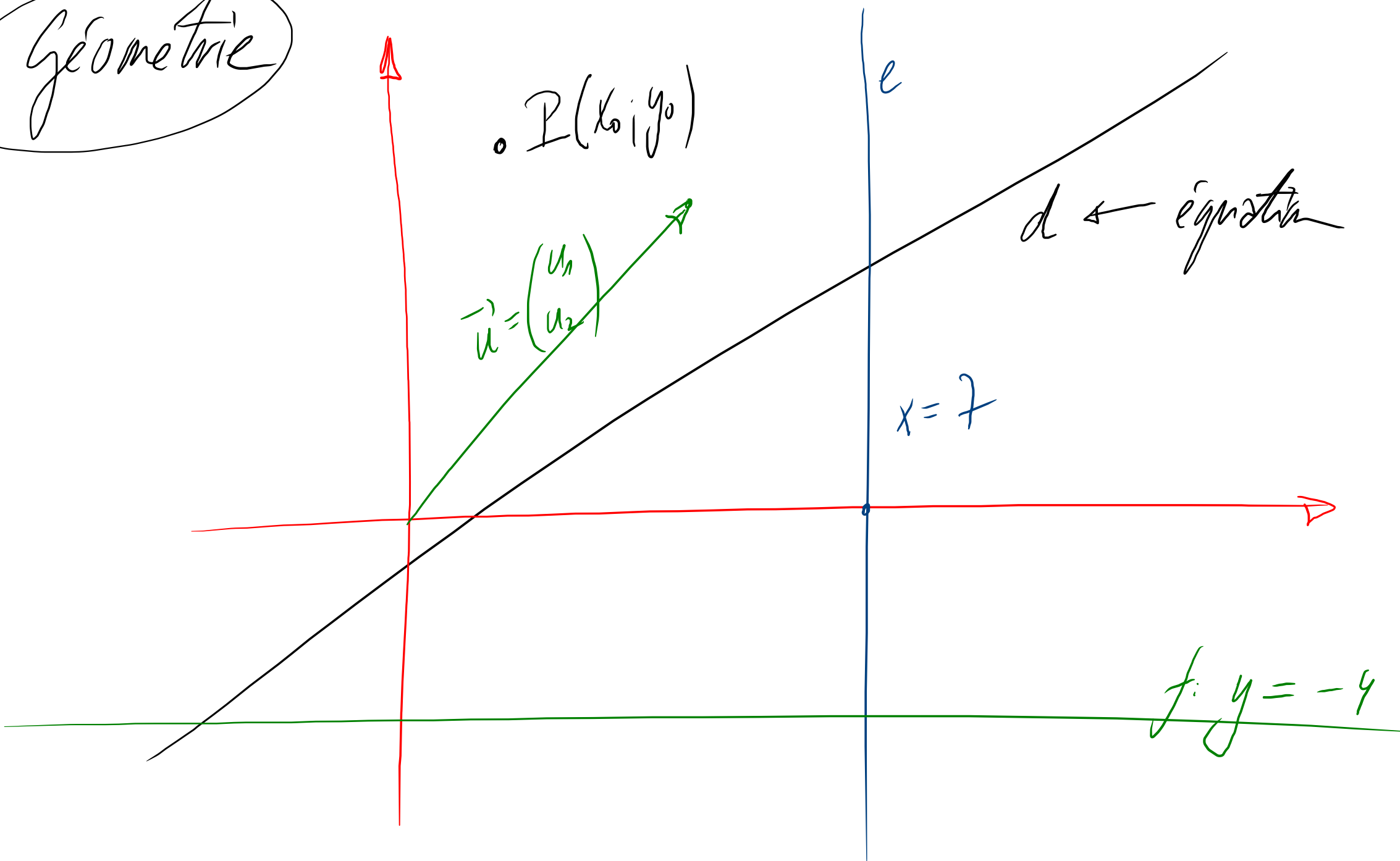
• $P(x_0 | y_0)$

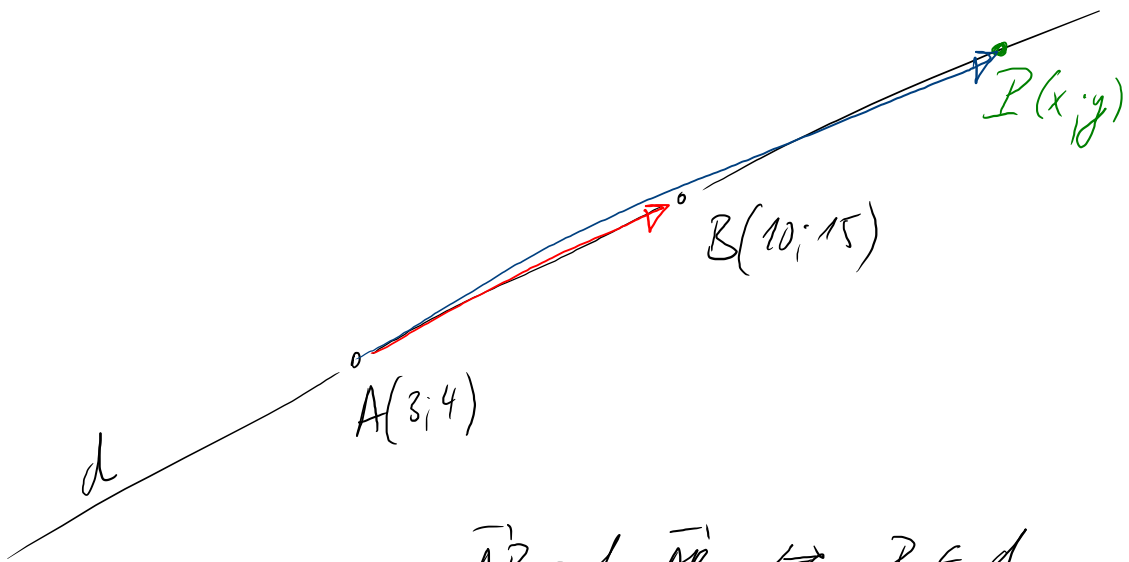
$$\vec{u} = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$d \leftarrow \text{equation}$

$$x = 7$$

$$f: y = -4$$





$$\vec{AP} = k \cdot \vec{AB} \Leftrightarrow P \in d$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x-3 \\ y-4 \end{pmatrix} = k \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

paramétriques

$$\begin{cases} x-3 = 7k \\ y-4 = 11k \end{cases}$$

$$x = 3 + 7k$$

$$y = 4 + 11k$$

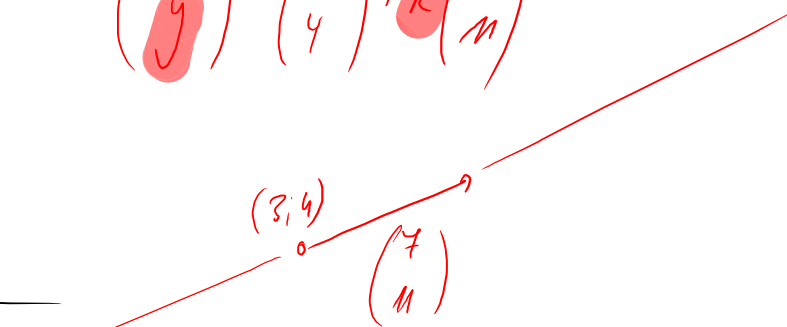
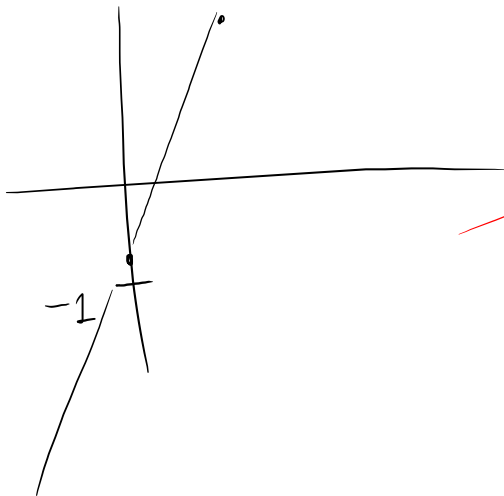
$$11x - 33 = 7y - 28$$

$$\frac{x-3}{7} = \frac{y-4}{11}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$11x - 7y - 5 = 0$$

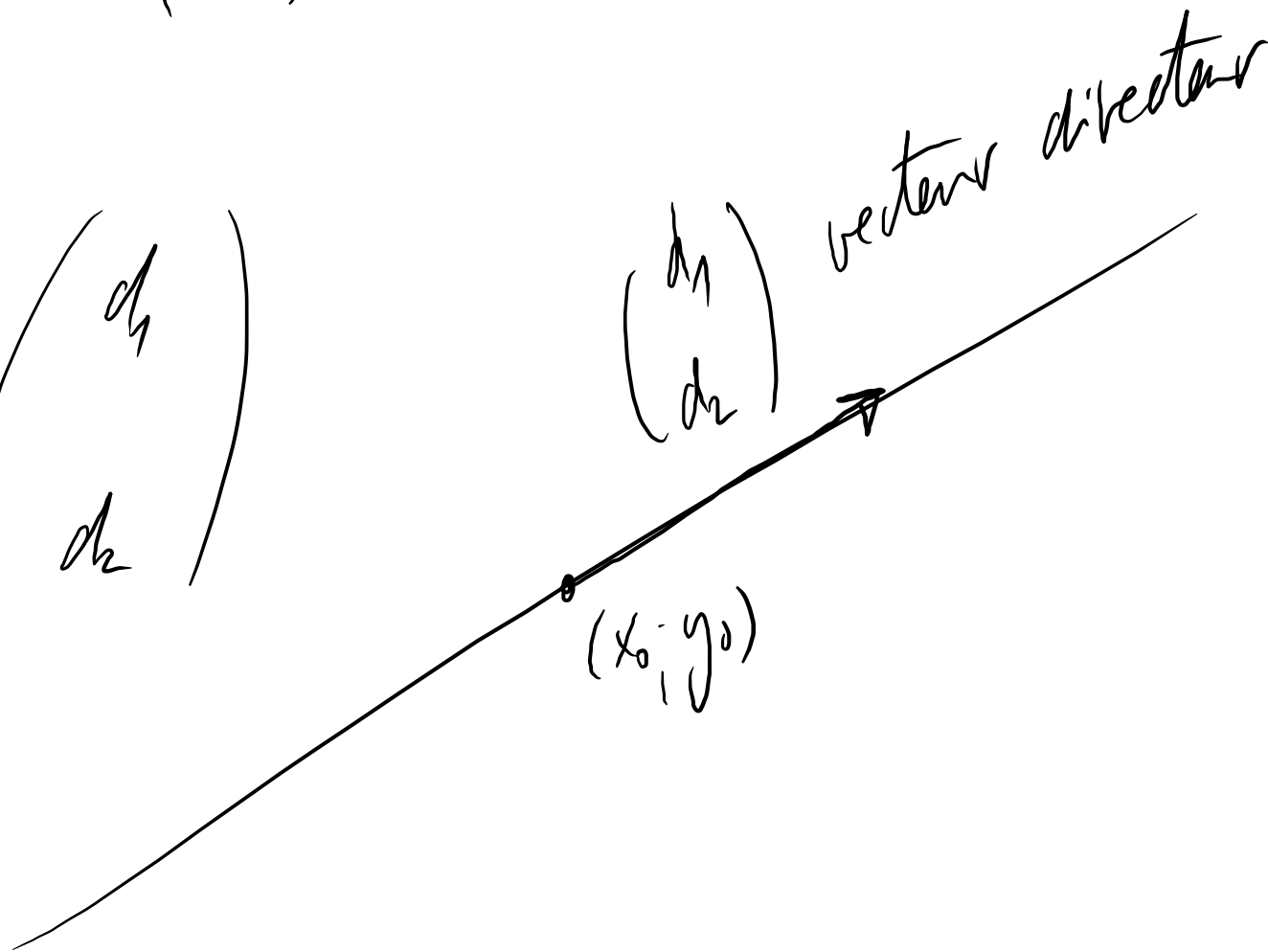
$$y = \frac{11}{7}x - \frac{5}{7}$$



$$d: 2x + by + c = 0$$

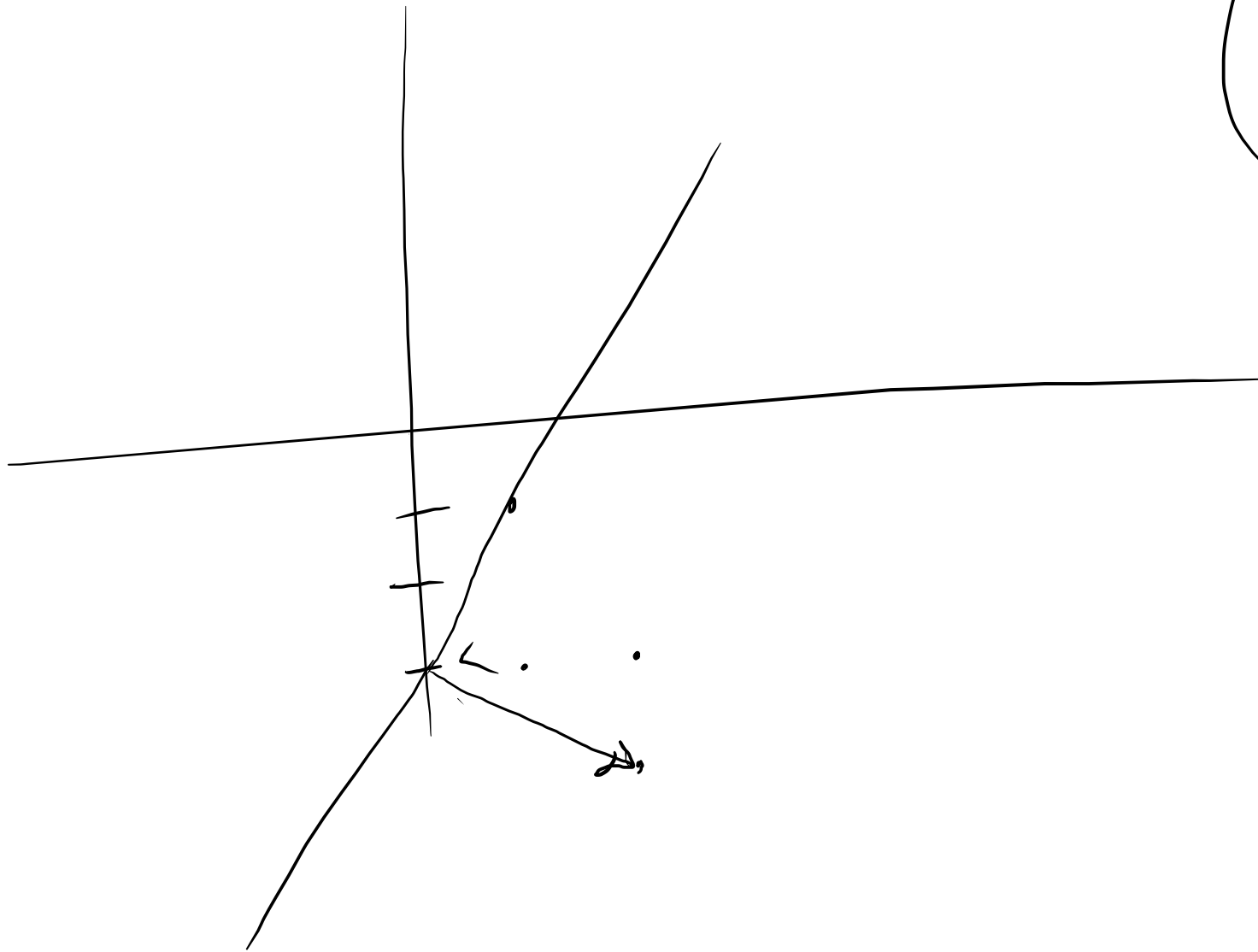
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ b \end{pmatrix} \perp d$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

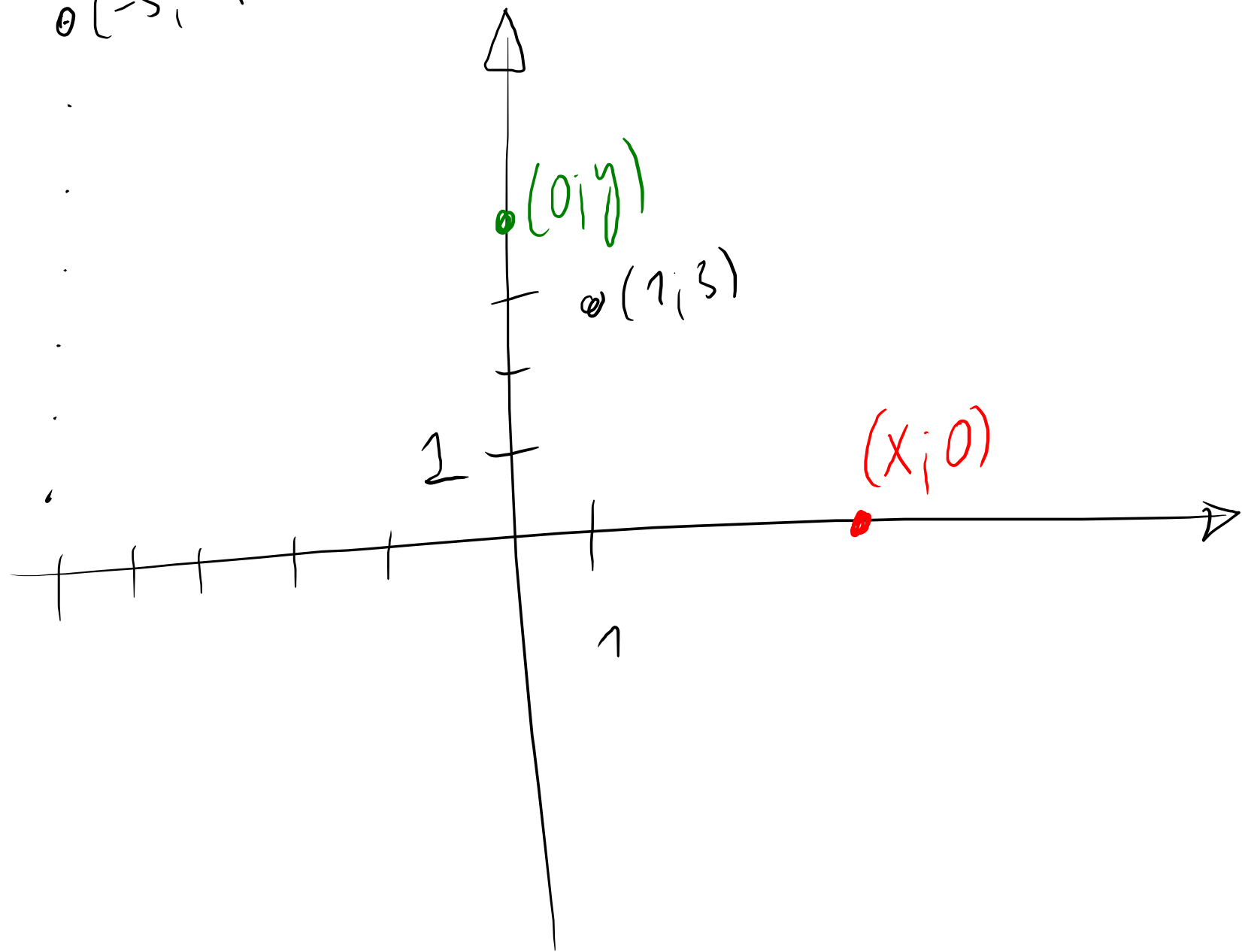


$$y = 2x - 3 \Leftrightarrow 2x - y - 3 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$\theta(-s; \lambda)$

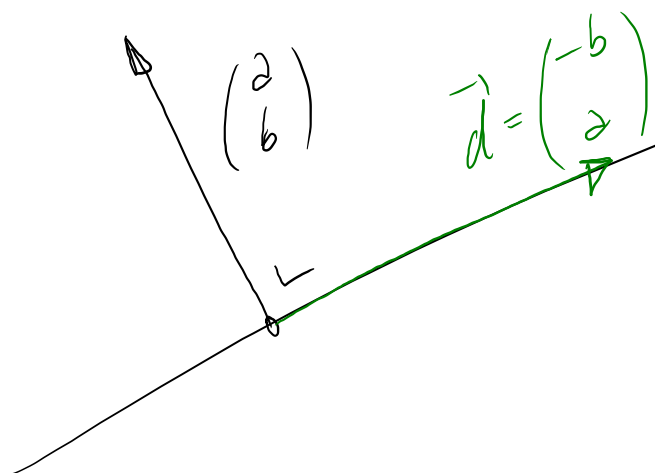


$$\frac{x-1}{-5} = \frac{y-2}{3}$$

$$3x-3 = -5y+10$$

$$3x+5y-13=0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -b \\ a \end{pmatrix} = -ab + ab = 0$$



$$d: ax + by + c = 0$$

$$ax + by + c = 0$$

$$y = y$$

$$a \neq 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -c/a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} -b/a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -c/a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} -b \\ a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = -\frac{b}{a}y - \frac{c}{a}$$

$$y = y + 0$$

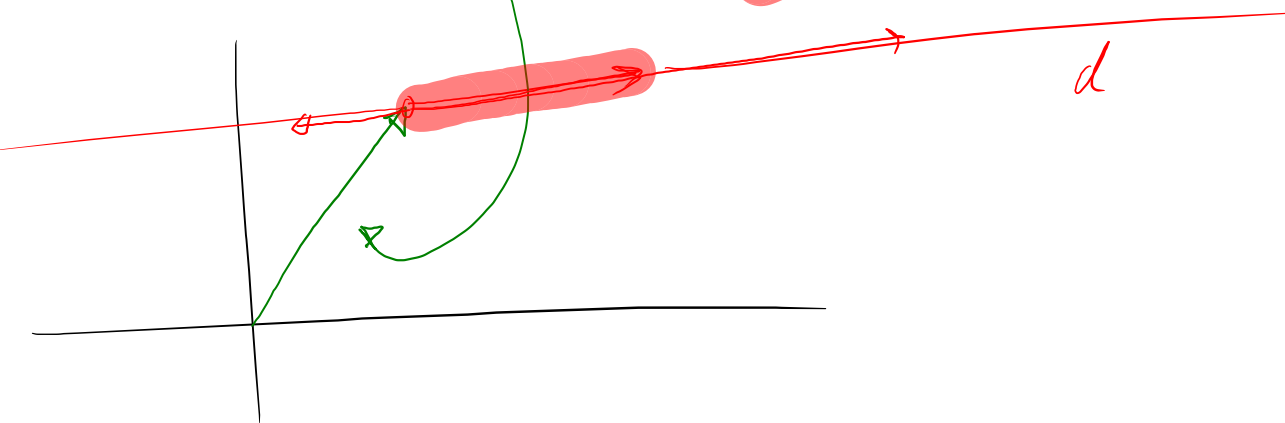
$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -c/a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + y \begin{pmatrix} -b/a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

point

vecteur directeur

$$\begin{pmatrix} -b \\ a \end{pmatrix} = \vec{d}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{n} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$



$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(x, y)

$$d: x + 4y + c = 0 \quad | \quad x + 4y - 23 = 0$$

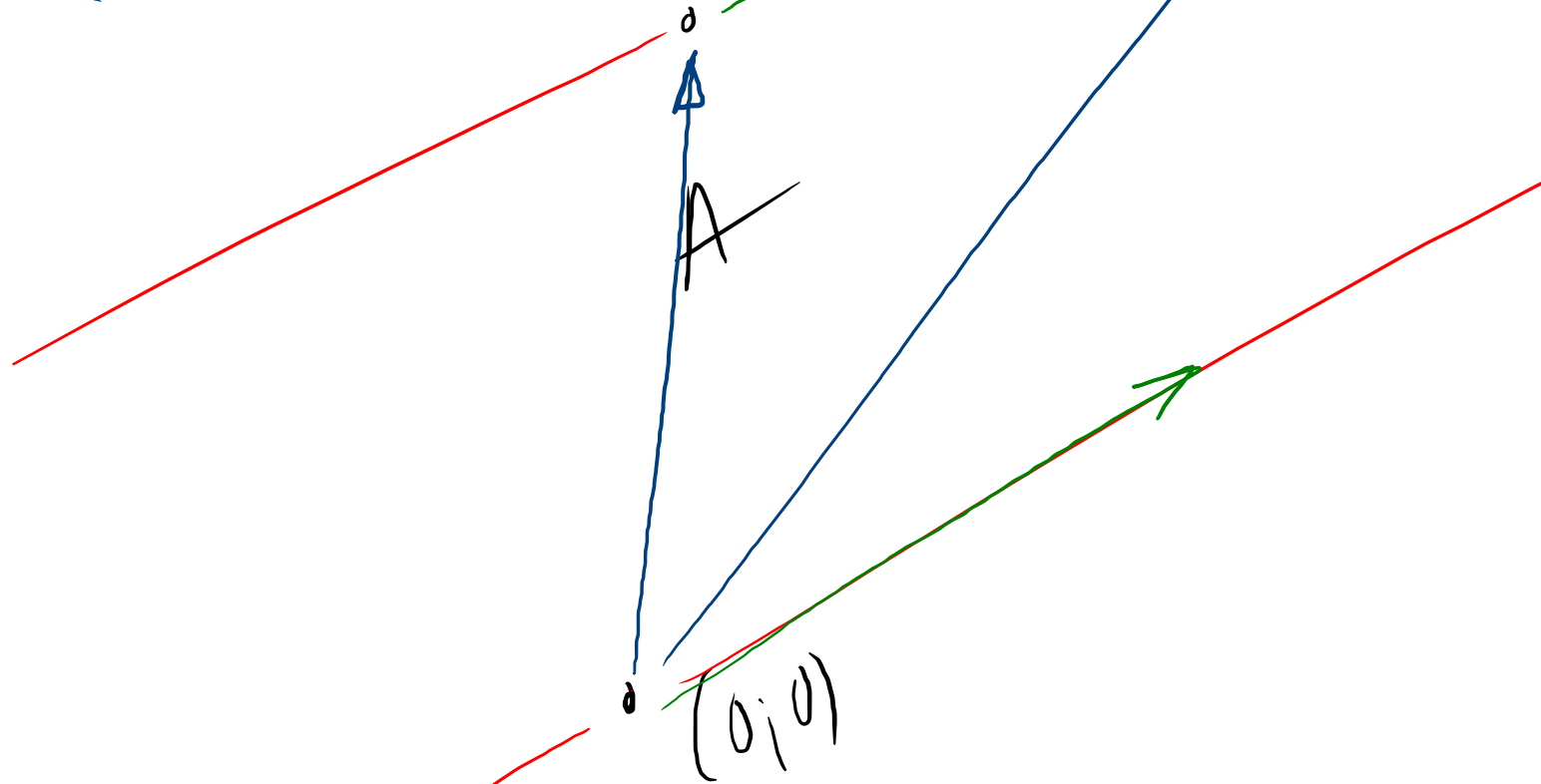
$$3 + 4 \cdot 5 + c = 0 \quad | \quad c = -23$$

$(3; 5)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$(0; 0)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = A + k \cdot \vec{AB} \quad \text{on} \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = B + k \cdot \vec{AB}$$

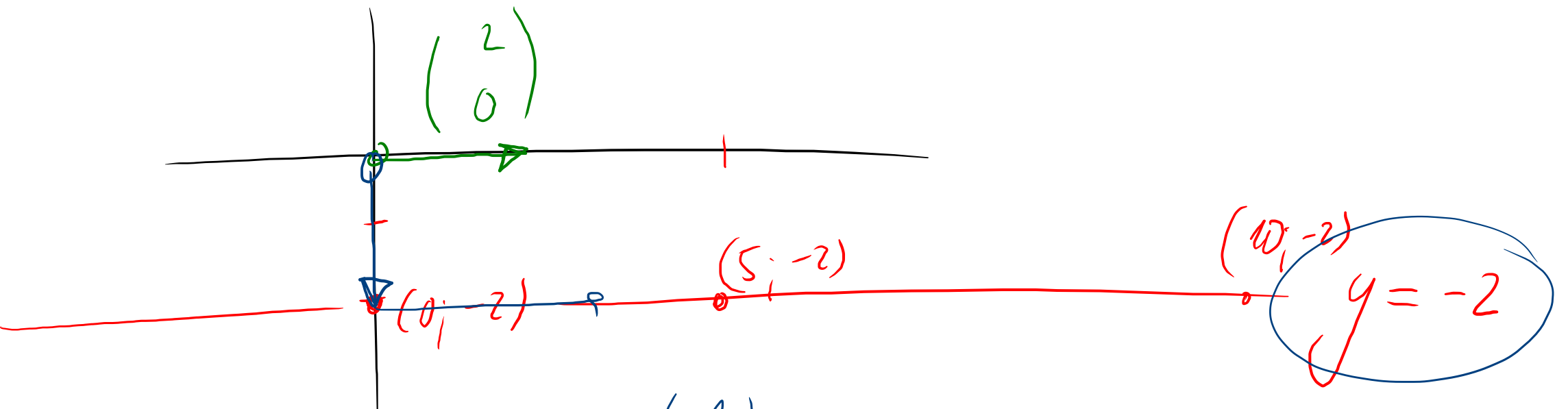


$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = k \cdot \vec{AB}$$

(x, y)

$$ax + by + c = 0 \iff y = -\frac{a}{b}x - \frac{c}{b}$$

horizontale $\Rightarrow -\frac{a}{b} = 0 \Rightarrow a = 0 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{c}{b}$



$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

• $A(8|12)$

$x = 8$



$$x = -\frac{3}{7}y$$

$$y = 7$$

$$x = -3$$

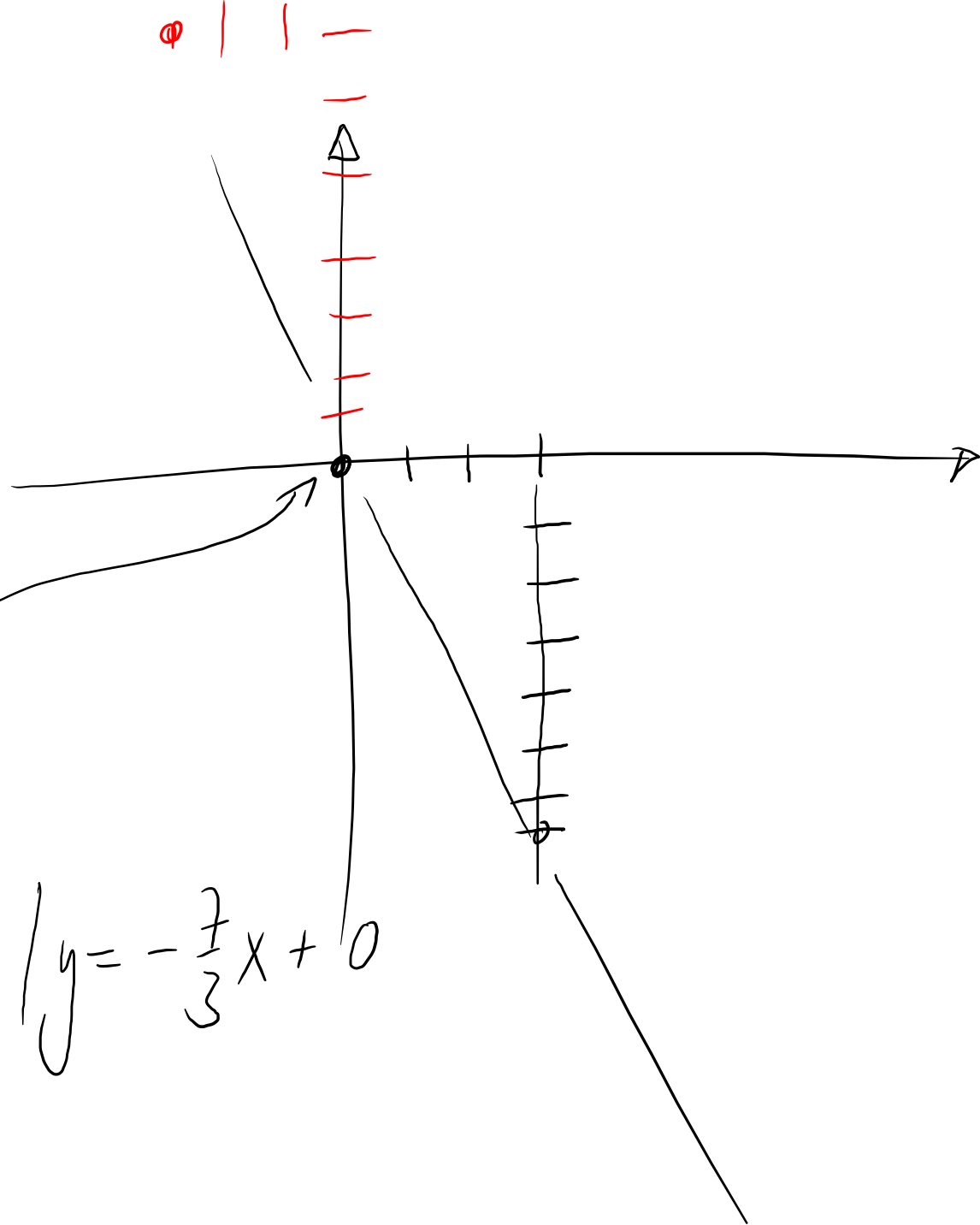
$$7x + 3y = 0$$

$$x=0 \Rightarrow y=0$$

$$y=0 \Rightarrow x=0$$

$$3y = -7x + 0$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{3}x + 0$$



$$\vec{n} = \overrightarrow{AB}$$

$(0,0)$

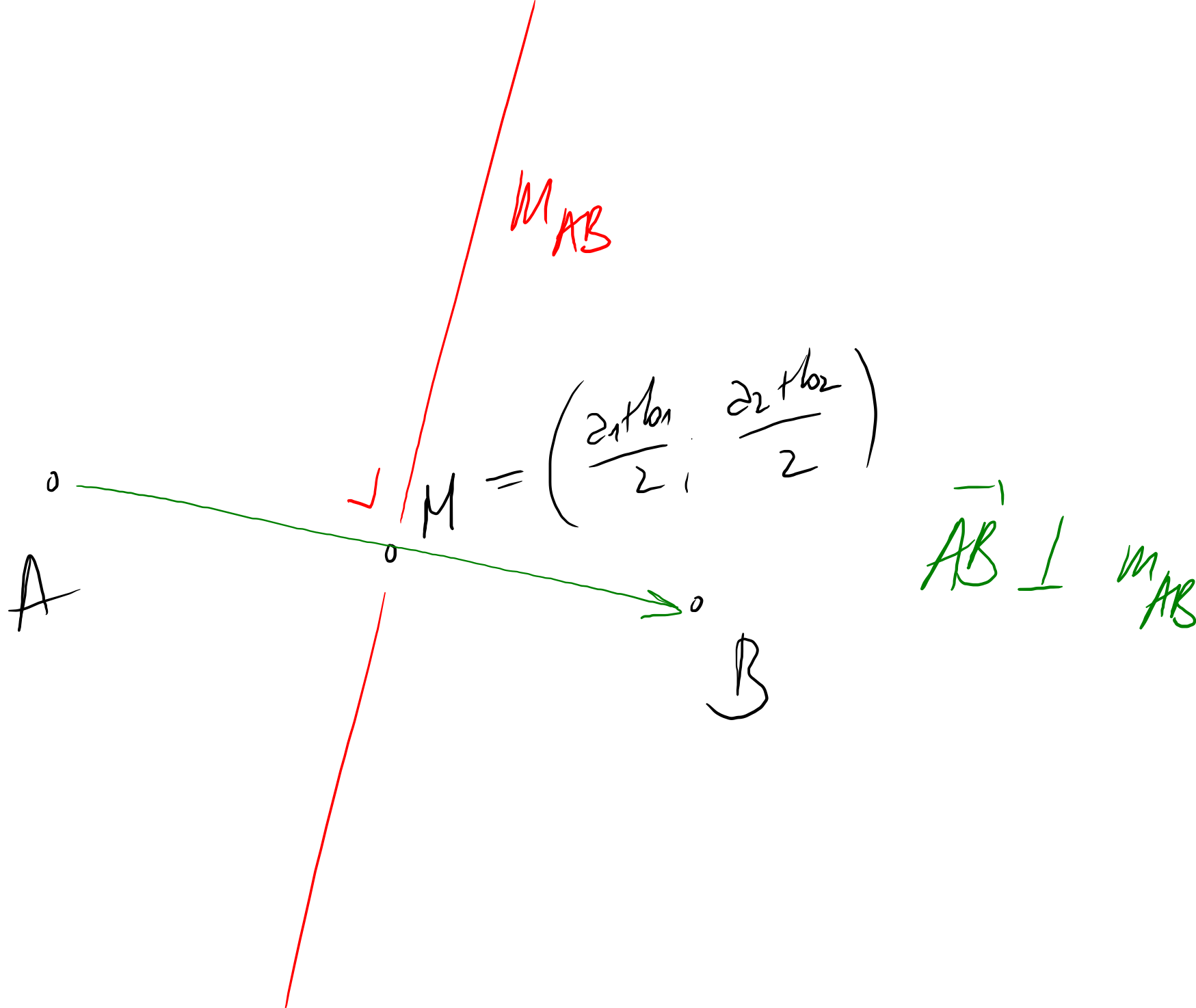
$A(a_1, a_2)$

$B(b_1, b_2)$

$$M = A + \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}b_1 - \frac{1}{2}a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2}b_2 - \frac{1}{2}a_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{AB} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} b_1 - a_1 \\ b_2 - a_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M = \frac{A+B}{2} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a_1+b_1}{2} \\ \frac{a_2+b_2}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$



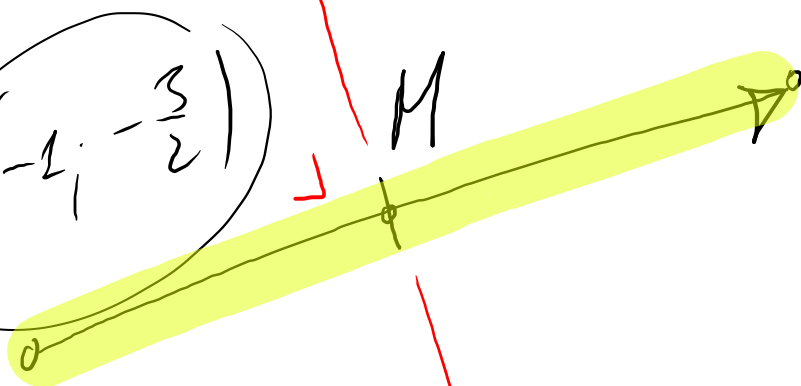
M est le milieu de AB.

$$M \in M_{AB}$$

$$M = \left(\frac{2x_1 + 2x_2}{2}; \frac{2y_1 + 2y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$\vec{n} = \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-2}{2}; \frac{-3}{2} \right) = \left(-1; -\frac{3}{2} \right)$$



$$B(1, -5)$$

$$4x + 7y + k = 0$$

$$A(-3, 2)$$

mediatrice

$$-4 - \frac{21}{2} + k = 0$$

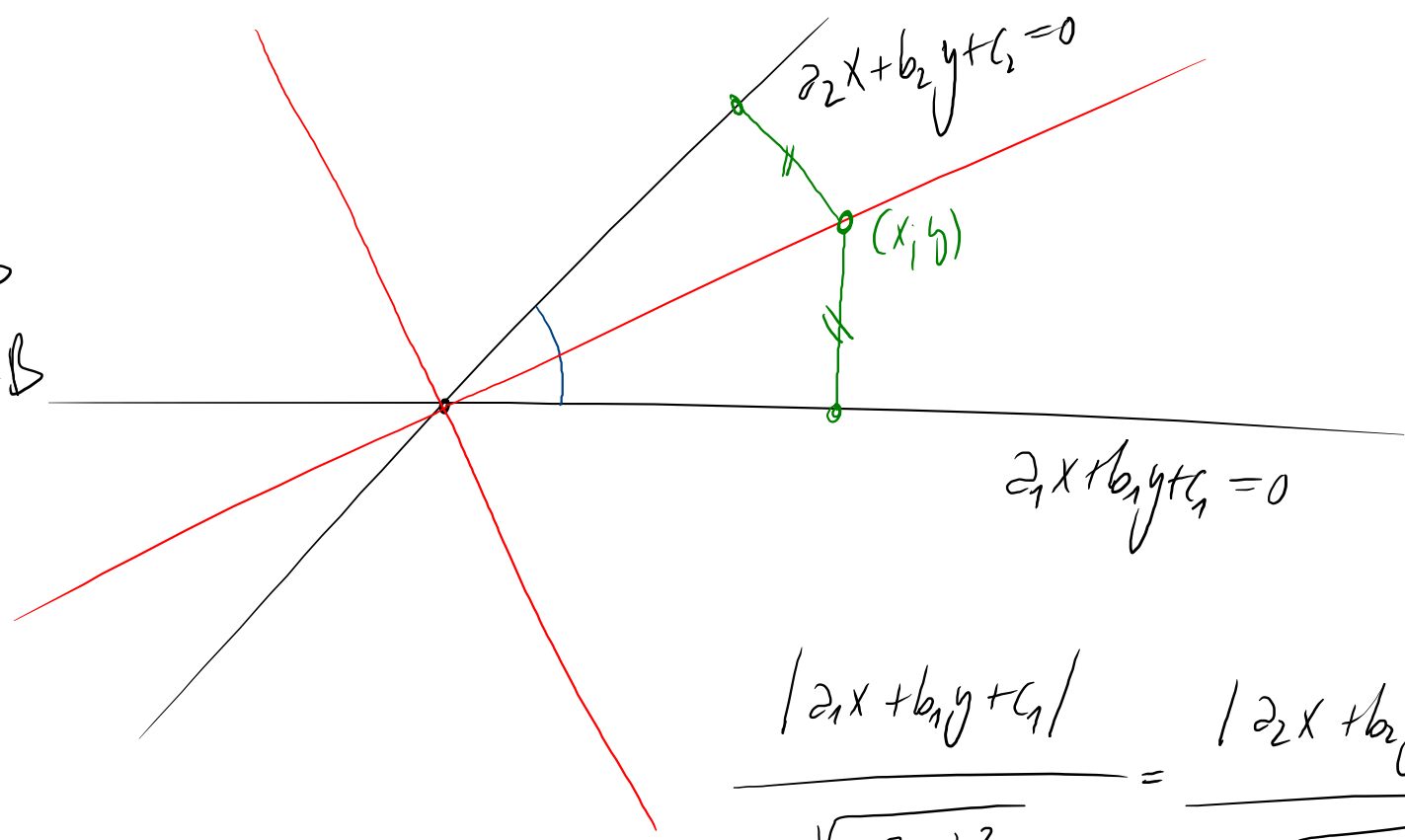
$$k = -\frac{29}{2}$$

$$M_{AB}: 8x + 14y - 29 = 0$$

$$|A| = |B|$$

$$\Leftrightarrow A = \pm B$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \pm A = B$$



$$\frac{|a_1x + b_1y + c_1|}{\sqrt{a_1^2 + b_1^2}} = \frac{|a_2x + b_2y + c_2|}{\sqrt{a_2^2 + b_2^2}}$$

biss₁

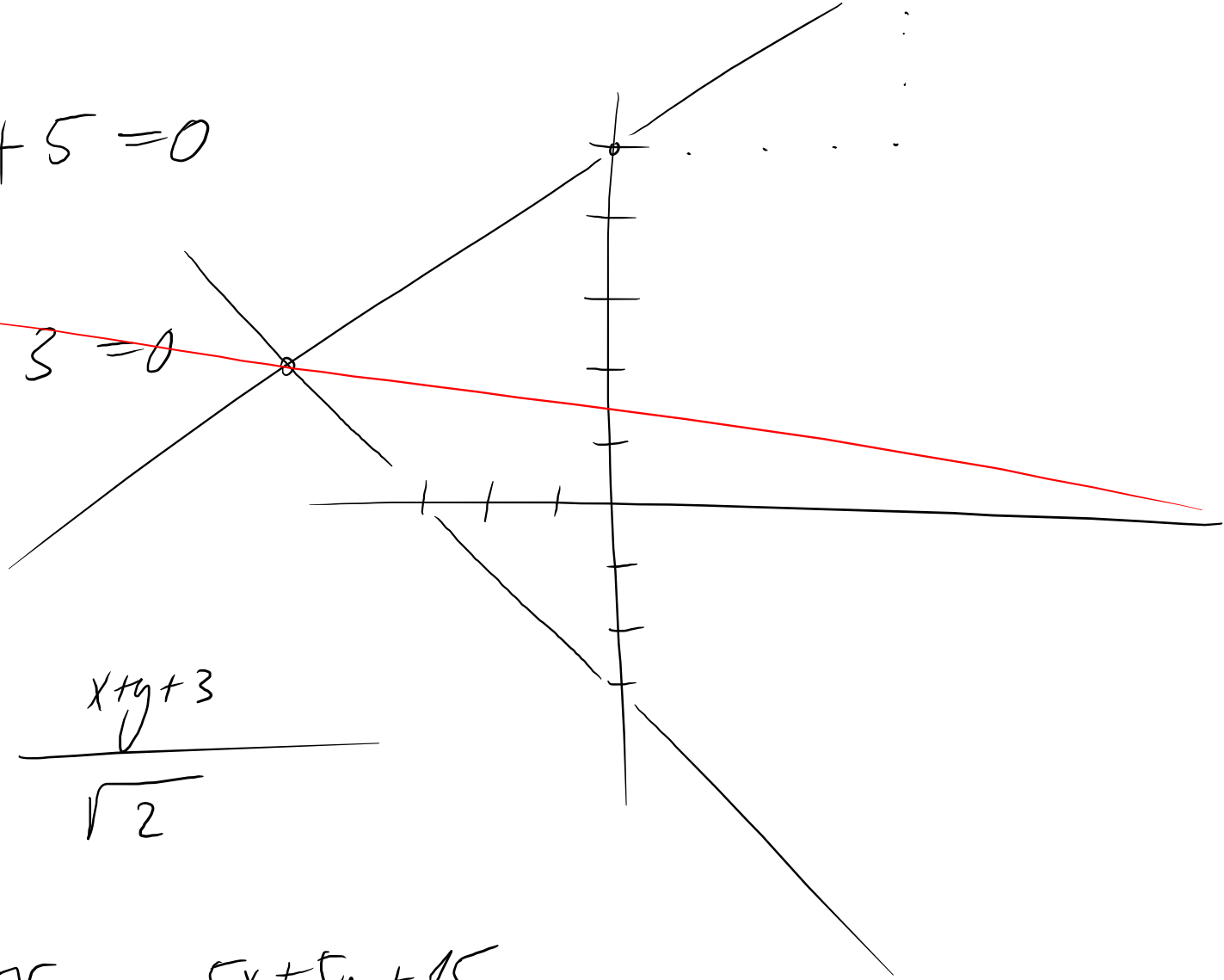
$$\frac{a_1x + b_1y + c_1}{\sqrt{a_1^2 + b_1^2}} = \frac{a_2x + b_2y + c_2}{\sqrt{a_2^2 + b_2^2}}$$

biss₂

$$\frac{a_1x + b_1y + c_1}{\sqrt{a_1^2 + b_1^2}} = - \frac{a_2x + b_2y + c_2}{\sqrt{a_2^2 + b_2^2}}$$

$$3x - 4y + 5 = 0$$

$$x + y + 3 = 0$$



$$3x - 4y + 5$$

$$x + y + 3$$

$$\sqrt{9 + 16}$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$

$$3\sqrt{2}x - 4\sqrt{2}y + 5\sqrt{2} = 5x + 5y + 15$$

$$(5 - 3\sqrt{2})x + (5 + 4\sqrt{2})y + 15 - 5\sqrt{2} = 0$$

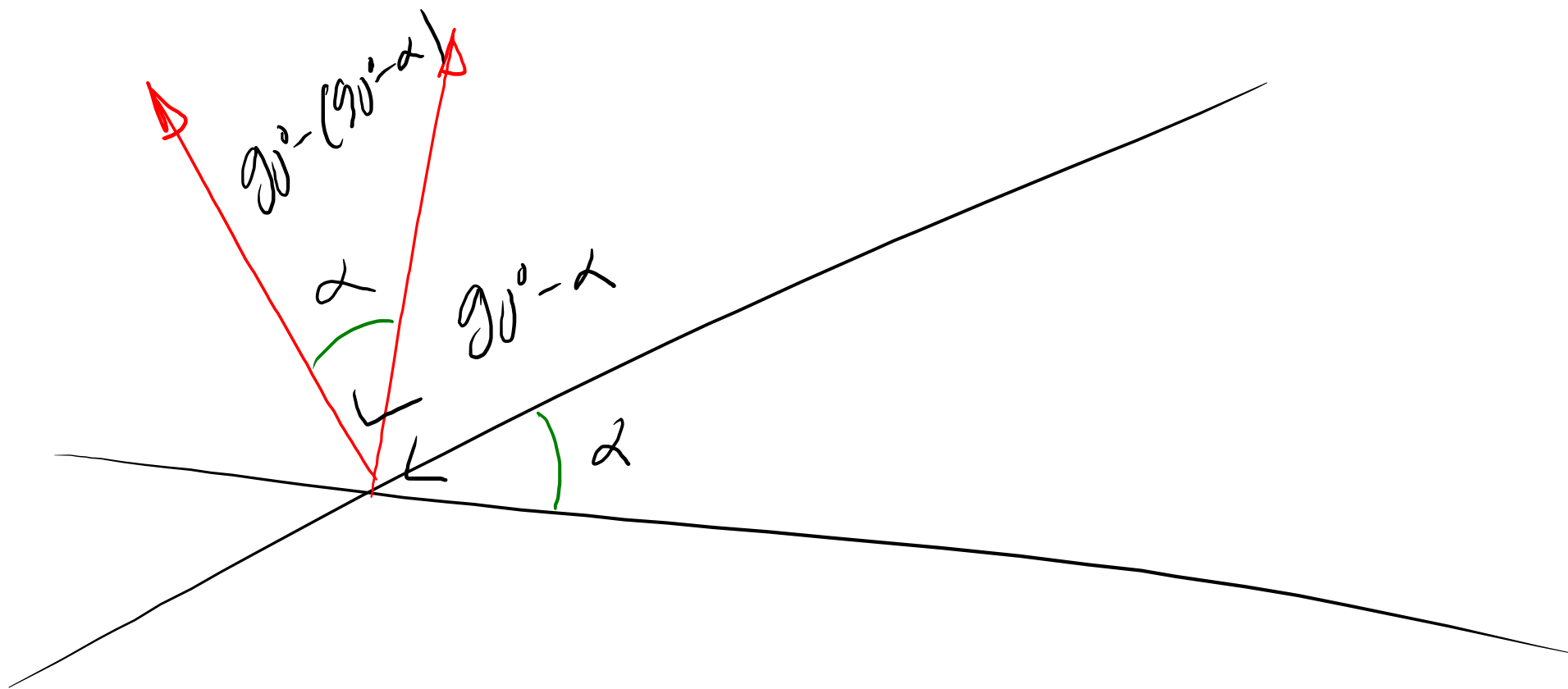
$$+ 0,8x + 10,6y + 8 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2; -3)$$

$$(-5; -2)$$

$$-7x + y + c = 0$$



$$2x + by + c = 0$$

$$\hat{n} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{d} \begin{pmatrix} -b \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$