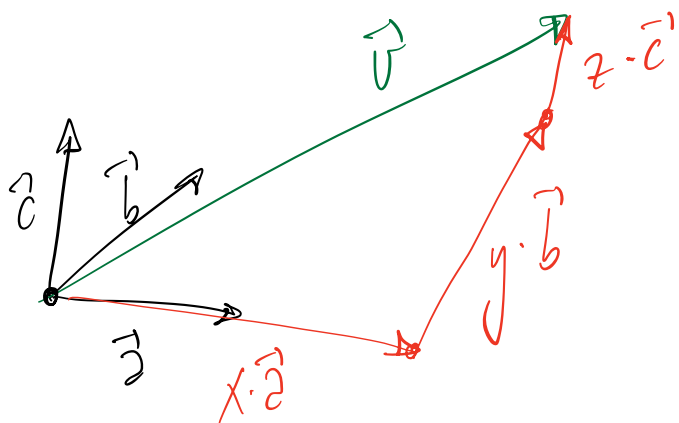


$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} = x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + y \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + z \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v} = x\vec{a} + y\vec{b} + z\vec{c}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 2x \\ -x \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} y \\ y \\ -y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2z \\ 2z \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

Systeme 3x3

$$\begin{cases} 1 \cdot x + y + 2z = 3 \\ 2x + y + 2z = 1 \\ -x - y + z = -4 \end{cases}$$

Combinaisons linéaires

$$L_2 \leftarrow L_2 - 2L_1$$

$$L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x - 2y - 4z = -6 \\ + \quad 2x + y + 2z = 1 \\ \hline 0x - y - 2z = -5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x + y + 2z = 3$$

$$-x - y + z = -4$$

$$3z = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y + 2z = 3 \\ -y - 2z = -5 \\ 3z = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow -y - 2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) = -5$$

$$y = 5 + \frac{2}{3} = \left(\frac{17}{3}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{17}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = 3$$

$$x + 5 = 3$$

$$x = (-2)$$

$$\vec{v} = -2\vec{a} + \frac{17}{3}\vec{b} - \frac{1}{3}\vec{c}$$

$$\left(X + \frac{b}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \right) \cdot \left(X + \frac{b}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \right) = 0$$

$$X \cdot Y = 0 \Rightarrow X = 0 \text{ or } Y = 0$$

$$\rightarrow X + \frac{b}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = 0$$

$$X = -\frac{b}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$X = \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\rightarrow X + \frac{b}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = 0$$

$$X = -\frac{b}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

1.2.14

$$2) \quad x \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + y \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -8 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + z \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -16 \\ 10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 52 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ 5x - 8y + 10z = 0 \\ 2x + 6y + 7z = 52 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} L_2 \leftarrow 3L_2 \\ L_3 \leftarrow 3L_3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ 15x - 24y + 30z = 0 \\ 6x + 18y + 21z = 156 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} L_2 \leftarrow L_2 - 5L_1 \\ L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 2L_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ -44y + 110z = 0 \\ 10y + 53z = 156 \end{cases} \quad L_2 \leftarrow \frac{-1}{11} \cdot L_2$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ 4y - 10z = 0 \\ 10y + 53z = 156 \end{cases}$$

$$L_3 \leftarrow 4L_3$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ 4y - 10z = 0 \\ 40y + 212z = 624 \end{cases}$$

$$L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 10L_2$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y - 16z = 0 \\ 4y - 10z = 0 \\ 312z = 624 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 2$$

$$4y = 10 \cdot 2 = 20 / y = 5$$

$$3x + 4 \cdot 5 - 16 \cdot 2 = 0$$

$$3x = 12 / x = 4$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 4 \\ y = 5 \\ z = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$12a^3 + \frac{9}{4}a^2b + 9a^2b + \frac{3}{16}b^3$$

$$(12)a^3 + 9a^2b + \frac{9}{4}a^2b + \frac{3}{16}b^3$$

$$A^3 + 3A^2B + 3AB^2 + B^3$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{4}}{12} = \frac{9}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{12}$$

$$12 \left(a^3 + \frac{9}{12}a^2b + \frac{9}{48}a^2b + \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{12} \cdot 16}b^3 \right) \quad \frac{12}{1} = \frac{9}{4 \cdot 12}$$

$$12 \left(a^3 + \frac{9}{12}a^2b + \frac{9}{48}a^2b + \frac{1}{64}b^3 \right) =$$

$$12 \left(a^3 + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4}a^2b + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{16}a^2b + \left(\frac{b}{4} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$12 \left(a^3 + 3 \cdot a^2 \frac{b}{4} + 3 \cdot a \left(\frac{b}{4} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{4} \right)^3 \right)$$

$$12 \left(a + \frac{b}{4} \right)^3$$

$$64x^6 - 91x^3 + 27 = 64\left(x^3 - 1\right)\left(x^3 - \frac{27}{64}\right)$$

$$x^6 = (x^3)^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{y = x^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y^2 = x^6}$$

$$(x^3 - 1)(64x^3 - 27)$$

$$A^3 - B^3 = (A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$$

$$= (x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)(4x - 3)\left(16x^2 + 12x + 9\right)$$

$$64y^2 - 91y + 27$$

$$y = \frac{91 \pm \sqrt{91^2 - 4 \cdot 64 \cdot 27}}{128}$$

$$= \frac{91 \pm 37}{128} \begin{cases} 1 \\ \frac{54}{128} = \frac{27}{64} \end{cases}$$

$$64(x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)\left(x^3 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3\right) = \begin{matrix} A^3 - B^3 \\ A = x \\ B = \frac{3}{4} \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{matrix} AB = \frac{3}{4}x \\ \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \end{matrix} \right.$$

$$64(x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)\left(x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{9}{16}\right)$$

$$(A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$$

$$(A-B) \cdot (A^2 + AB + B^2) = A^3 + \cancel{A^2B} + \cancel{AB^2}$$

$$- \cancel{BA^2} - \cancel{AB^2} - B^3 = A^3 - B^3$$