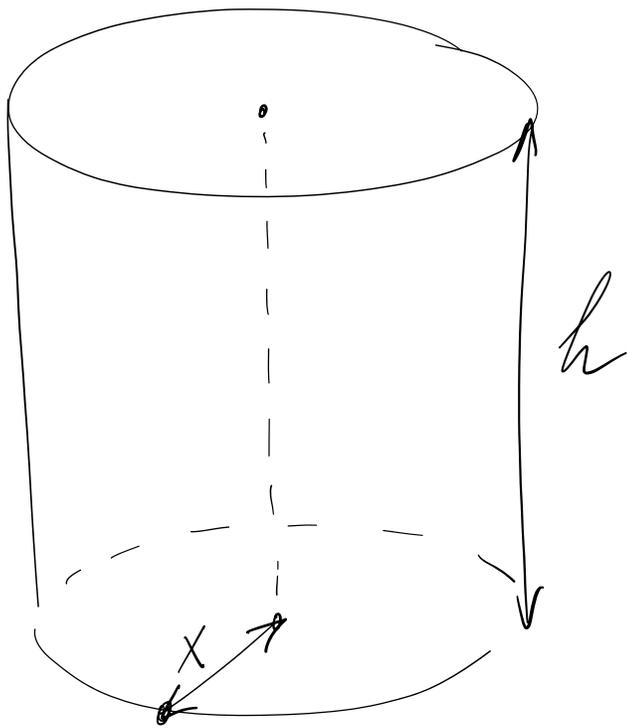


x et h en cm



$$V = \pi \cdot x^2 \cdot h$$

$$648\pi = \pi \cdot x^2 \cdot h$$

$$h = \frac{648 \cdot \pi}{x^2 \cdot \pi} = \frac{648}{x^2}$$

Surface de la base: πx^2

Surface de la face latérale: $2\pi x \cdot h$

Cont de la base (du fond):

$$\pi x^2 \cdot 15$$

Cont de la paroi:

$$2\pi \cdot x \cdot \frac{648}{x^2} \cdot 5 = 10\pi \frac{648}{x}$$

$$\text{Coût total} : 15\pi \cdot x^2 + 6480\pi \cdot \frac{1}{x} = C(x)$$

$$C(x) = \pi \cdot \left(15x^2 + \frac{6480}{x} \right)$$

Étude de la croissance de $C(x)$:

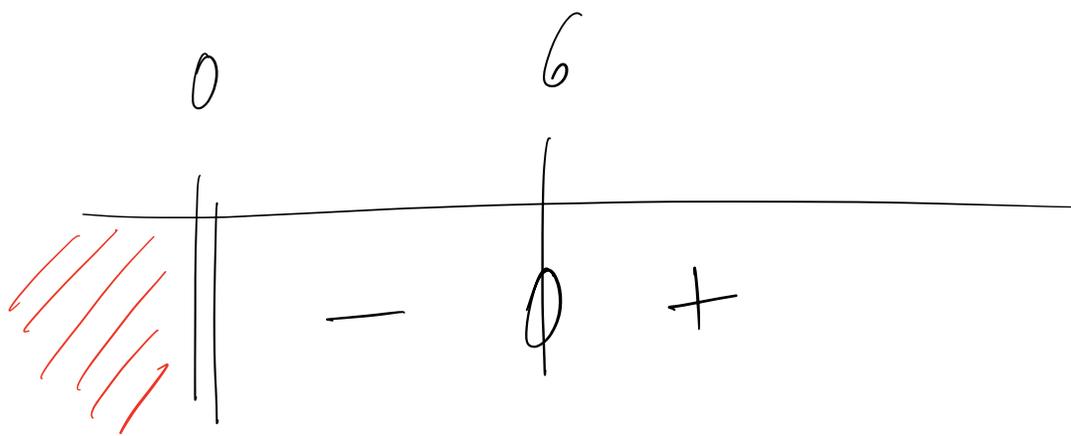
$$C'(x) = \pi \cdot \left(30x - \frac{6480}{x^2} \right)$$

$$= \pi \cdot \left(\frac{30x^3 - 6480}{x^2} \right)$$

$$C'(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 30x^3 - 6480 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x^3 = \frac{6480}{30} = 216$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 6$$



$$x > 0$$

$$C'(1) = \pi \cdot \frac{30 - 6480}{1} < 0$$

MIN
(6; C(6))

$$C'(10) = \pi \cdot \frac{30 \cdot 10^3 - 6480}{10^2} =$$

$$\pi \cdot \frac{30000 - 6480}{200} > 0$$

Les dim. de la boîte la moins

chère sont: $x = 6$ rayon de la base

$$h = \frac{648}{36} = 18 \text{ hauteur de la boîte.}$$