

Exponentielles

Logarithmes

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1^2 \\ 2^2 \\ 3^2 \\ 4^2 \\ 5^2 \end{array} \right\} x^2$$

Exemple:

$$2^0 = 1$$

$$2^1 = 2$$

$$2^2 = 4$$

$$2^3 = 8$$

Résoudre des équations

Règle:

$$2^x = 2^y$$

\Leftrightarrow

$$x = y$$

$$3^{5+x} = 27^{x+1}$$

Inconnue « en haut »

« Même base »

$$3^{5+x} = (3^3)^{(x+1)} = 3^{3(x+1)} = 3^{3x+3}$$

$$3^{5+x} = 3^{3x+3}$$

RÈGLE

$$5+x = 3x+3$$

$$5-3 = 3x-x$$

$$2 = 2x$$

$$x = 1 \text{ est sol.}$$

$$S = \{1\}$$

$$5^x = 25^1$$

$$= 5^2$$

$$5^2 = 25$$

$$= 5 \cdot 5 = 5^2$$

$$5^x = 5^2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$5^{(x)} = 5^{(2)}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$X^4 = 16$$


$$\begin{aligned} X \cdot X \cdot X \cdot X &= 4 \cdot 4 \\ &= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$X^4 = 16 \quad \left(\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
$$\left(X^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 16^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\left(X^4 \right)^{0,25} = 16^{0,25}$$

$$\boxed{X^1 = 2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{X = 2}}$$

$$X^7 = 1003$$

$$X = (1003)^{1/7}$$

$$(X^7)^{1/7} = X^{7 \cdot \frac{1}{7}} = X^1$$