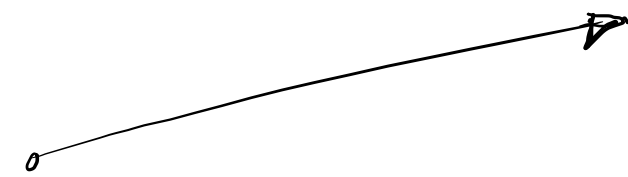
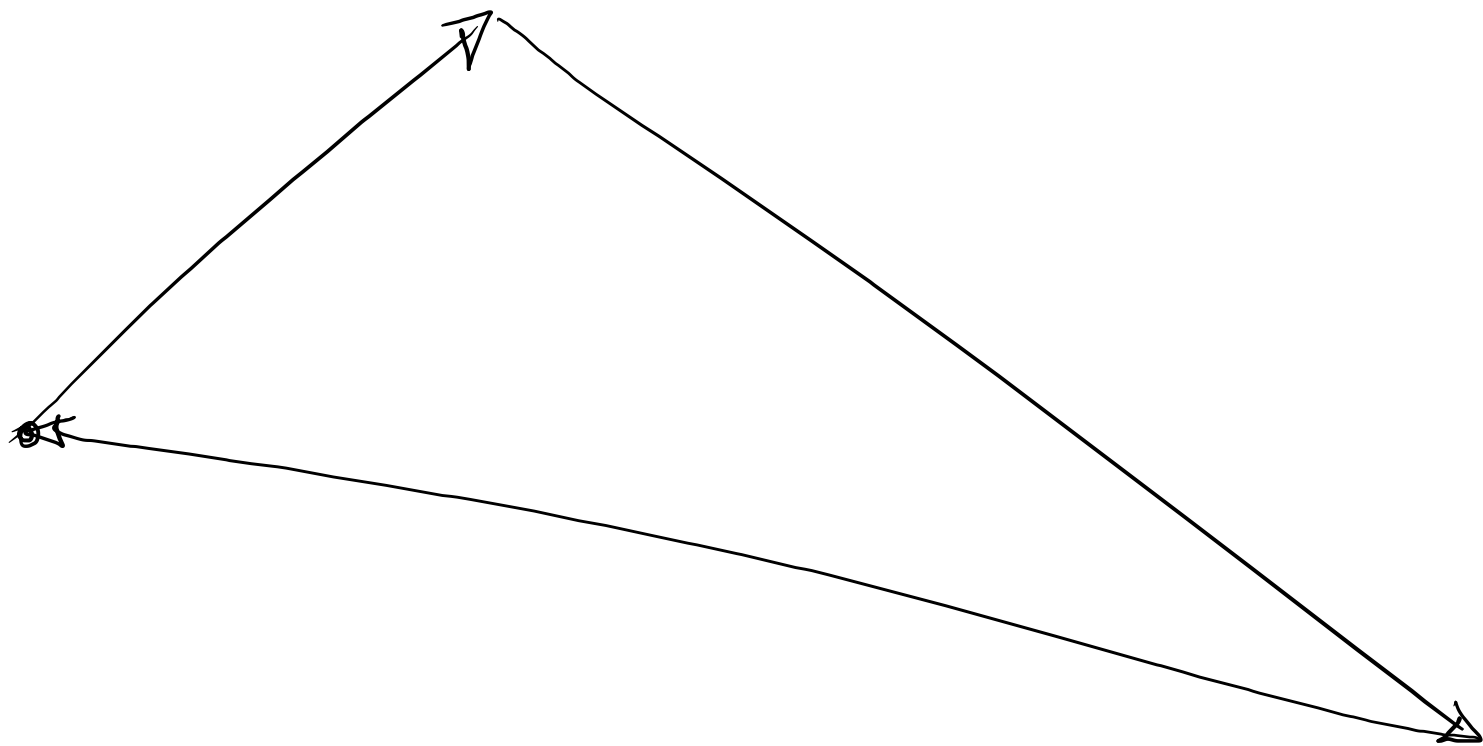
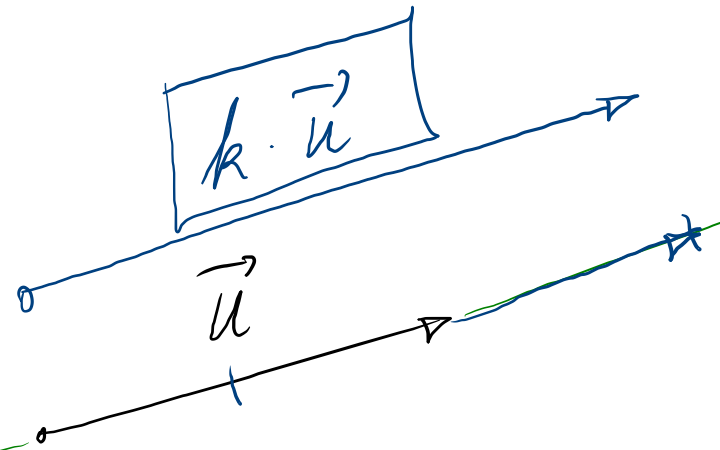


$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$$

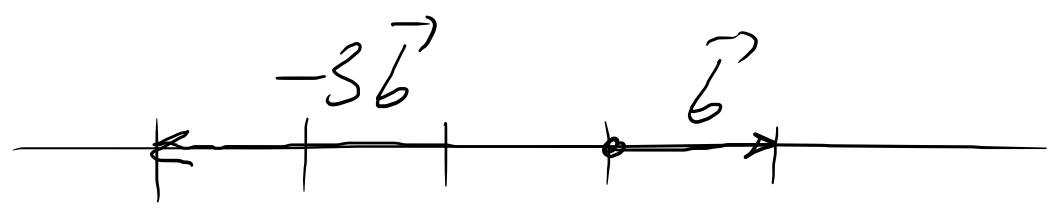
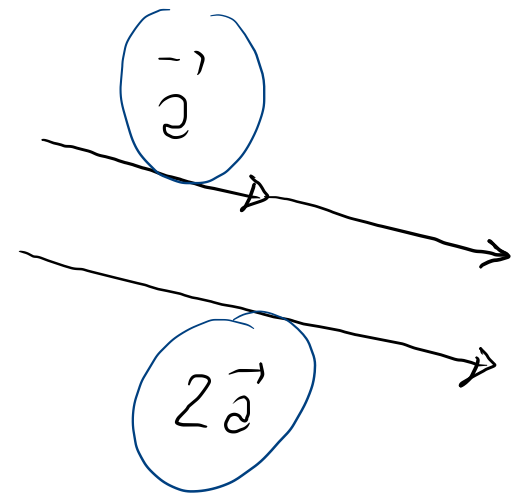




Multiplication par un nombre



$k = 1,5 \in \mathbb{R}$   
↑  
appartient à  
tous les nombres



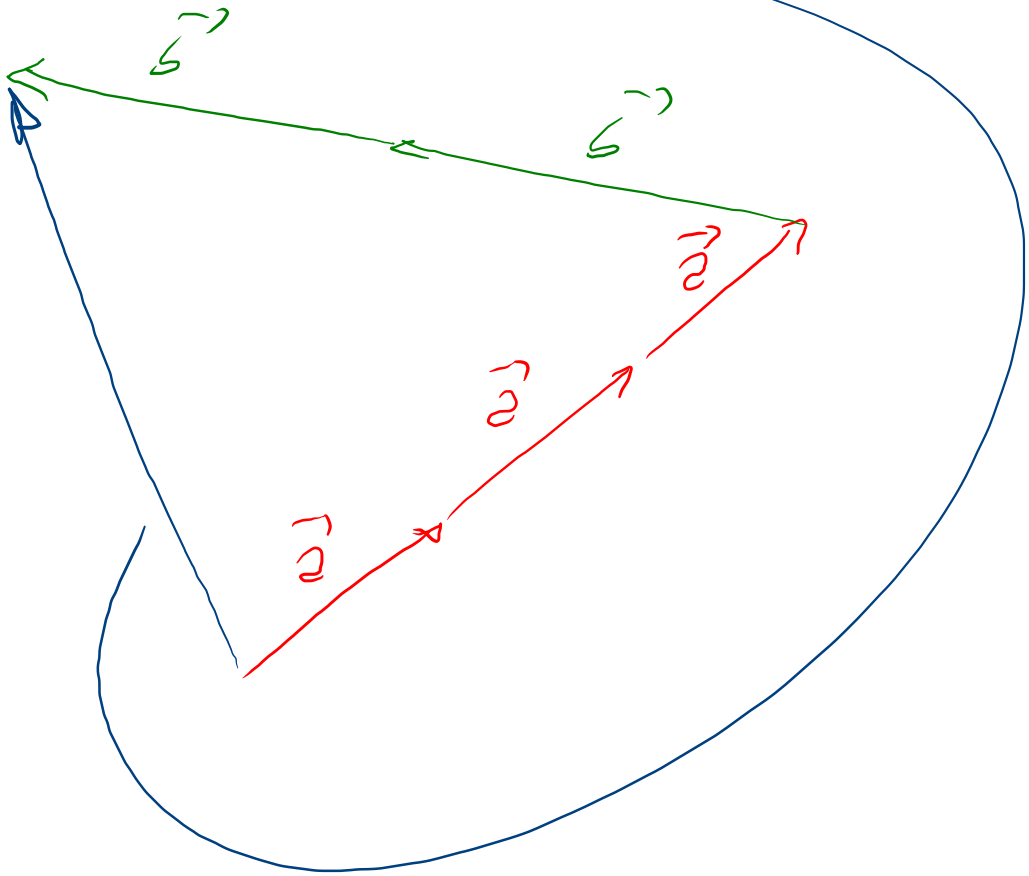
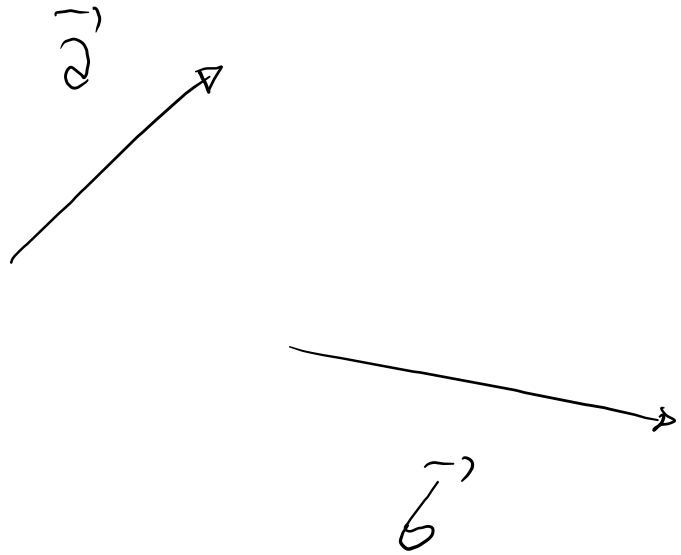
Combinaison linéaire

$\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  sont deux vecteurs

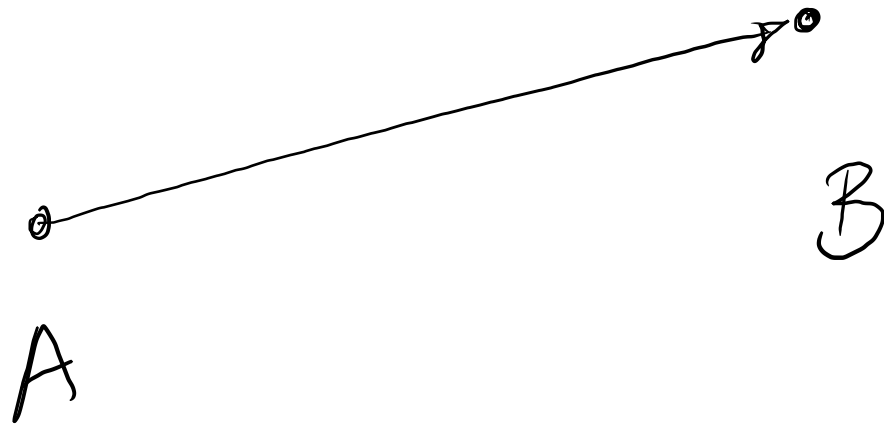
$3\vec{a} - 2\vec{b}$

est une combinaison linéaire

de  $\vec{a}$  et  $\vec{b}$

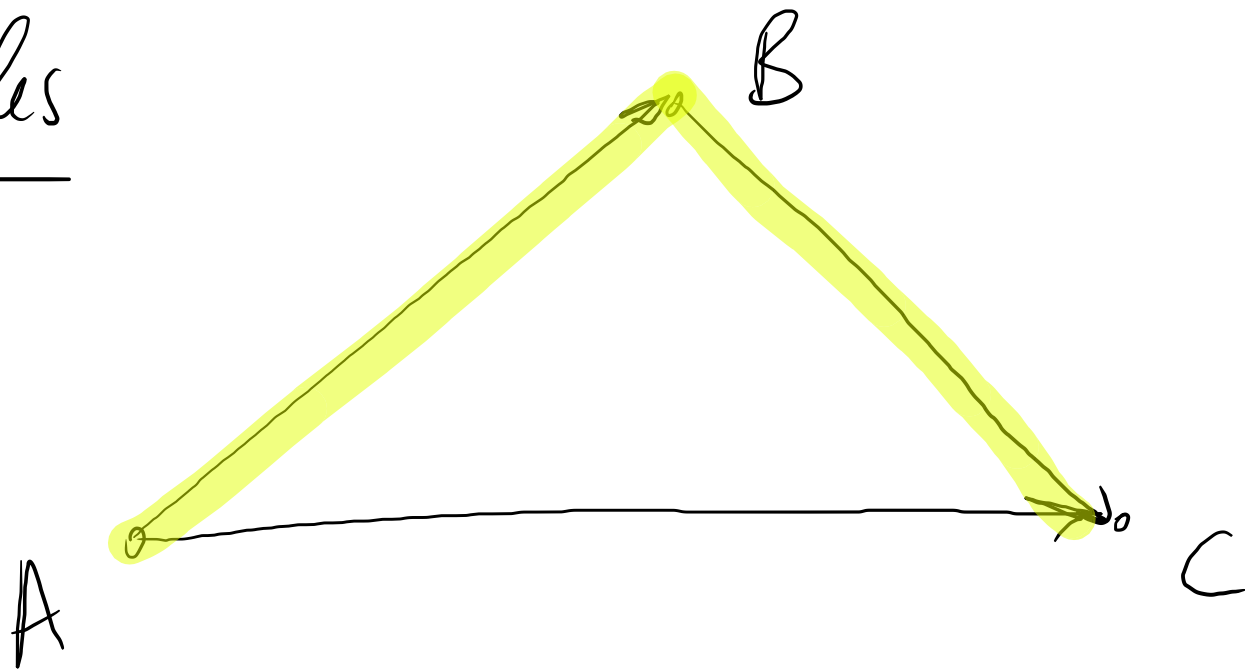


# Vecteurs et points



2 points définissent un vecteur

Regles



$$\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} = \vec{AC}$$

$$\vec{AB} = -\vec{BA}$$

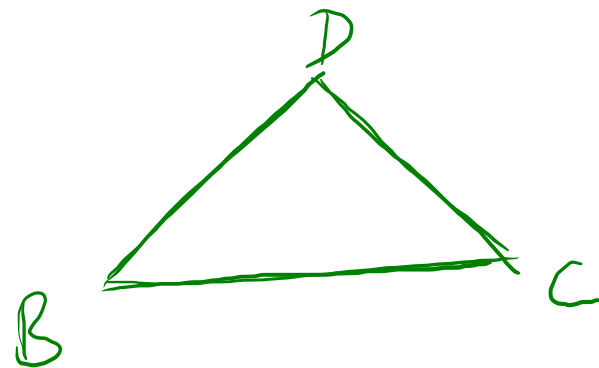
$$\vec{BA} = -\vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{BD} + \vec{AB} + \vec{DC}$$

$$\vec{BD} + \vec{DC} + \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{BC} + \vec{AB} = \vec{AB} + \vec{BC}$$

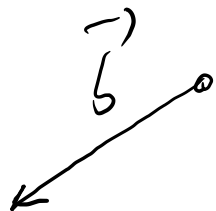
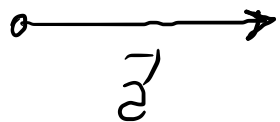
$$= \vec{AC}$$



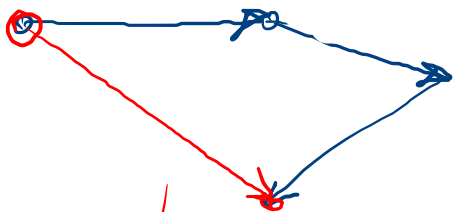
$$\vec{AC} - \vec{BD} - \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{AC} + \vec{DB} + \vec{BA}$$

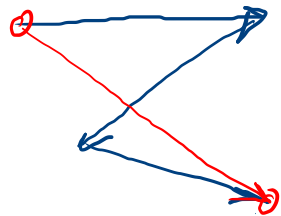
1.1.3

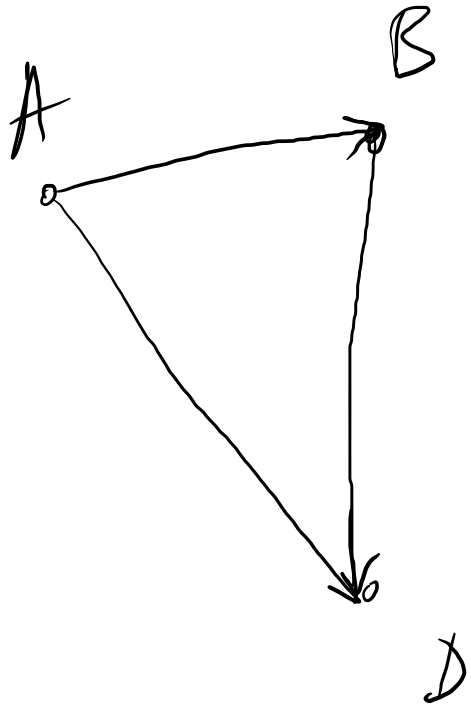


$$\vec{a} + \vec{c} + \vec{b}$$



$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{a} + \vec{c} + \vec{b}$$

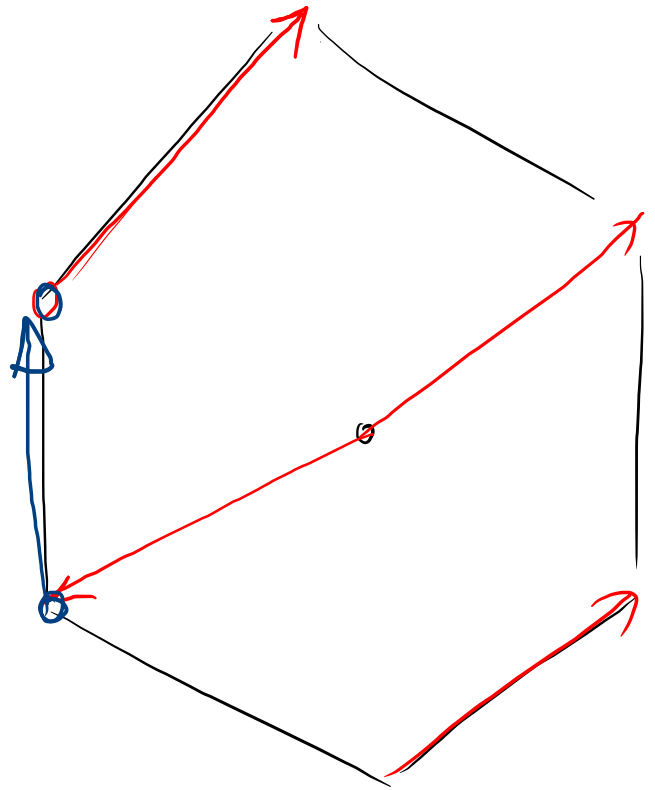




• C

$$\vec{AB} + \vec{BD} = \vec{AD}$$





$$\vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 + (-3) \\ 0 + (-2) \end{pmatrix}$$

A<sub>o</sub>      °      B

DE + DC

DC + DE

°  
C

°  
D

1.1.4 Soit  $A, B, C, D$  et  $E$  des points quelconques. Sans utiliser de dessin, simplifier le plus possible les expressions suivantes :

a)  $\overrightarrow{BD} + \overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{DC}$

d)  $\overrightarrow{DA} - \overrightarrow{DB} - \overrightarrow{CD} - \overrightarrow{BC}$

b)  $\overrightarrow{BC} + \overrightarrow{DE} + \overrightarrow{DC} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{EB}$

e)  $\overrightarrow{EC} - \overrightarrow{ED} + \overrightarrow{CB} - \overrightarrow{DB}$

c)  $\overrightarrow{AC} - \overrightarrow{BD} - \overrightarrow{AB}$

b)  $\overrightarrow{DE} + \overrightarrow{DC} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{EB} + \overrightarrow{BC} = \overrightarrow{DE} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC} + \overrightarrow{EC} = \overrightarrow{DE} + \overrightarrow{AC} + \overrightarrow{EC}$

*Handwritten notes: A red arrow points from  $\overrightarrow{DC}$  to  $\overrightarrow{EC}$ . A red arrow points from  $\overrightarrow{EB}$  to  $\overrightarrow{BC}$ . The text "2 trucs" is written below the  $\overrightarrow{EC}$  term.*