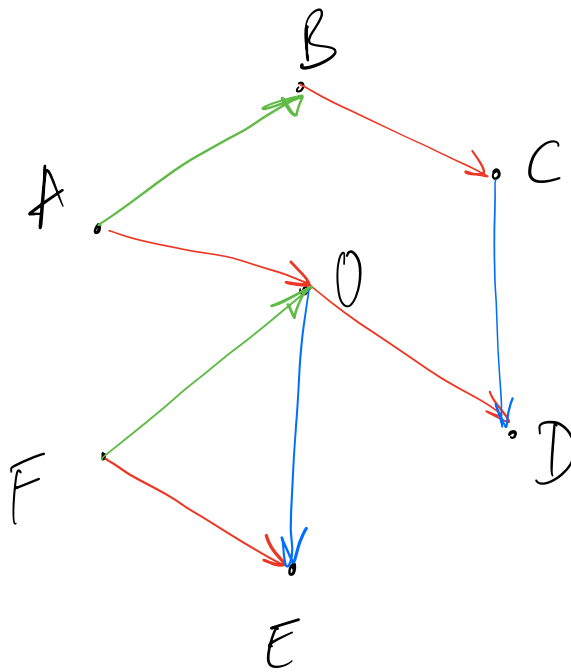


1.1.6 e)
direction
sens
longueur



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{FE} + \vec{FE} &= 2\vec{FE} \\ &= \vec{AO} + \vec{OD} \\ &= \vec{AD} \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{XZ} = \vec{XY} + \vec{YZ}$$

Chasles

$$\vec{XY} = -\vec{YX}$$

$$\vec{AC} - \vec{BD} - \vec{AB} =$$

$$\vec{AC} - \vec{AB} - \vec{BD} = \vec{AC} + \vec{BA} - \vec{BD}$$

$$= \vec{BA} + \vec{AC} - \vec{BD}$$

$$= \vec{BC} - \vec{BD} = -\vec{CB} - \vec{BD}$$

$$= \vec{BC} + \vec{DB} = -(\vec{CB} + \vec{BD})$$

$$= \vec{DB} + \vec{BC} = \vec{DC} = -\vec{CD} = \vec{DC}$$

Suggestion pour vendredi

1.1.4 e

1.1.5 f

1.1.6 f

1.1.7

1.1.8 2) 6)

1.1.9

Vecteurs

\vec{a} direction / sens / longueur

\vec{AB}



$$\vec{AB} = -\vec{BA}$$



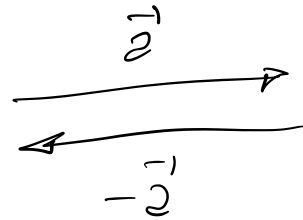
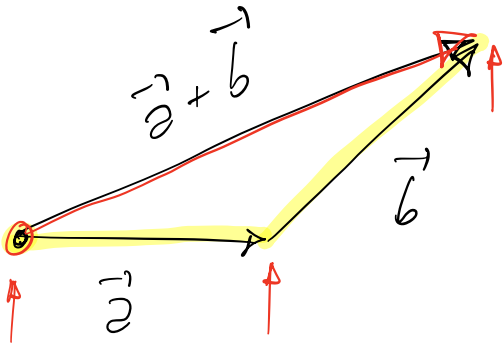
Calcul vectoriel

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$k \cdot \vec{a} \quad k \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \vec{b} + \vec{a}$$

$$k(\vec{a} + \vec{b}) = k \cdot \vec{a} + k \cdot \vec{b}$$



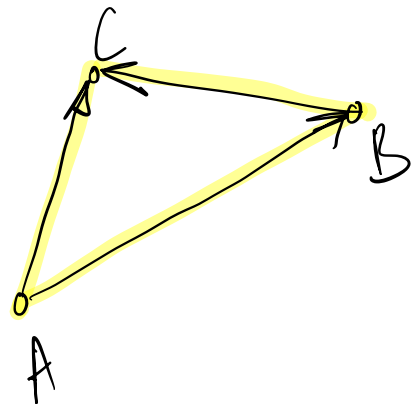
$$\vec{a} - \vec{b} = \vec{a} + (-\vec{b})$$

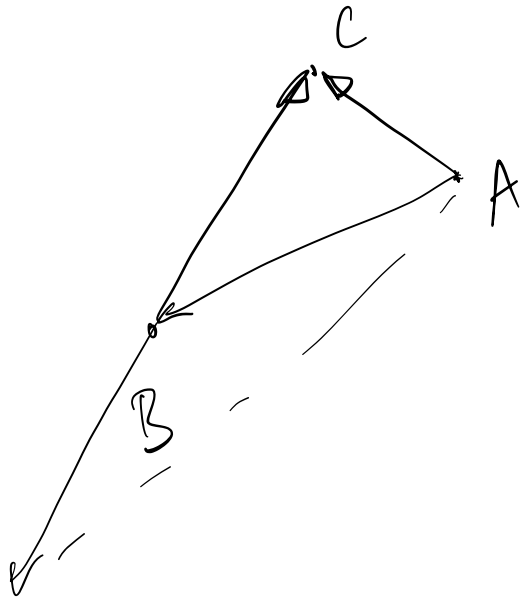
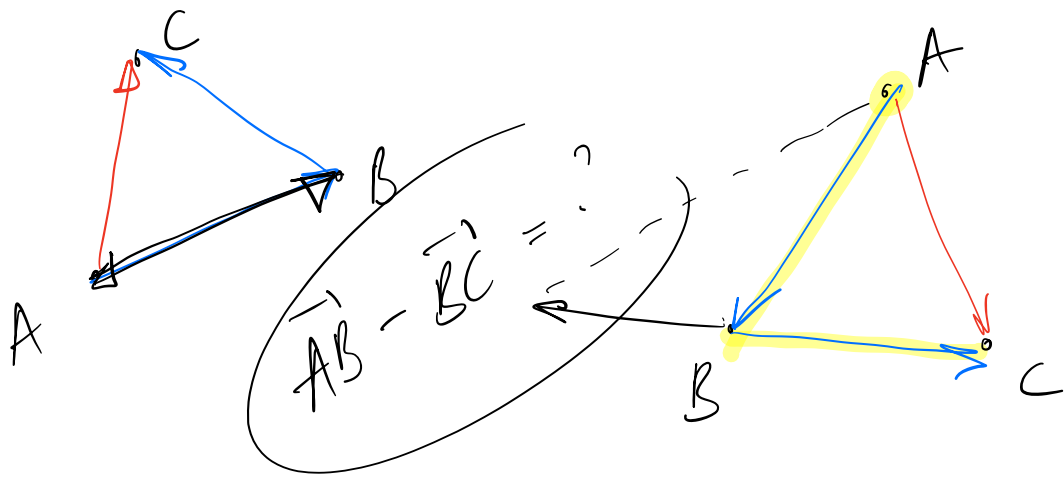
$x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ $x \cdot \vec{a} + y \cdot \vec{b}$ est une combinaison linéaire (de \vec{a} et \vec{b})

Relation de Chasles

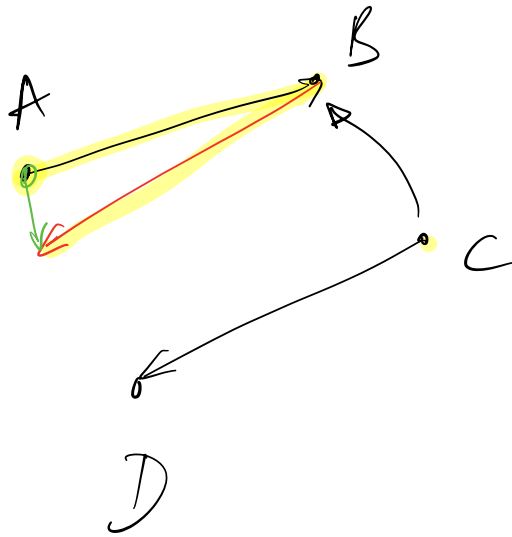
$$\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} = \vec{AC}$$

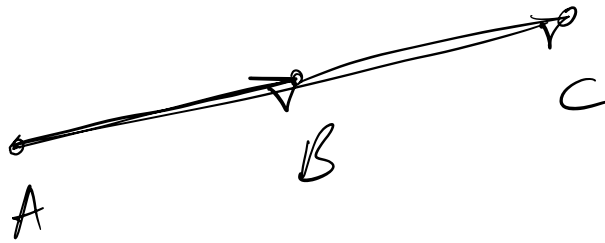
$$\vec{AB} - \vec{CB} = \vec{AC}$$





$$\vec{AB} + \vec{CD}$$





$$\vec{AC} = 2\vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} = \vec{AC}$$

$$\vec{AB} - \vec{CB} = -\vec{AC}$$

$$-\vec{BA} + \vec{BC} = \vec{AC}$$

$$-\vec{BA} + \vec{BC} = -\vec{AC}$$

$$\vec{AB} - \vec{CB} = \vec{AC}$$

$$\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} = -\vec{CA}$$

$$-\vec{BA} - \vec{CB} = \vec{AC}$$

$$-\vec{BA} - \vec{CB} = -\vec{CA}$$

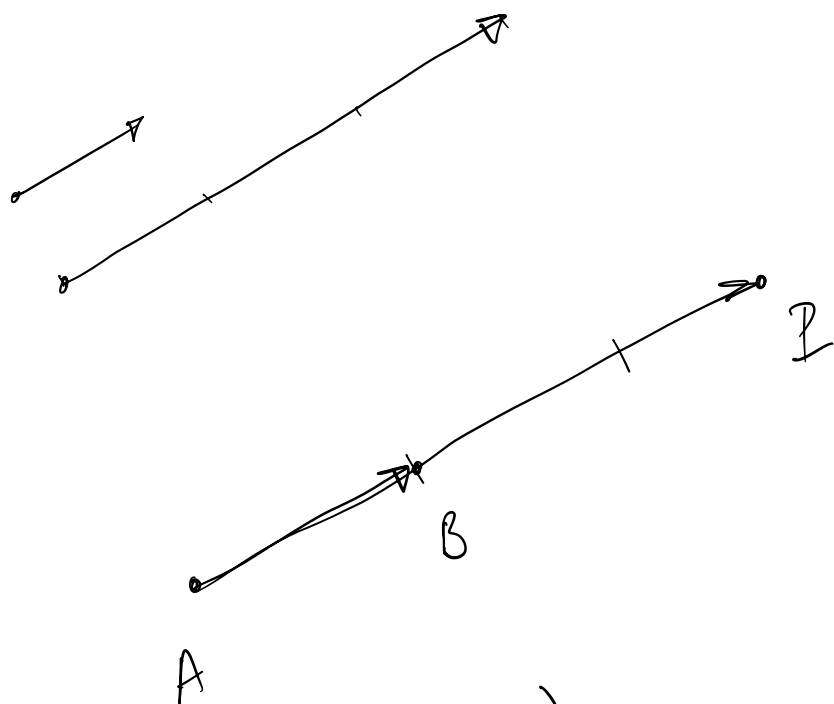
$$\vec{AC} - \vec{BD} - \vec{AB} =$$

$$\vec{AC} + \vec{DB} + \vec{BA} =$$

$$\vec{AC} + \vec{DA} = \vec{DA} + \vec{AC} \\ = \vec{DC}$$

$$-\vec{XY} = \vec{YX}$$

$$\vec{XZ} = \vec{XY} + \vec{YZ}$$



$$3(x-y) = 8(a+b+c)$$

$$3\vec{v} + 4\vec{v} = 7\vec{v}$$

$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}$$

$$D \cdot \vec{D} = \vec{0}$$